Guaranteed Bona-Fide, Every-Day Circulation Larger Than That Of Any Other Daily Newspaper Published in Wilmington.

OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LXVI.—NO. 138. WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, AUGUST 31, 1900. WHOLE NO. 10,308

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

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Delivered to Subscribers in the City at 45 Cents per Month.

The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

The Commissioners of Agriculture in convention at Raleigh estimate the cotton crop for 1900-1901 at 9,604,500 bales. —— Eleven persons with bubonic plague at Glasgow. —— A general wage reduction in New England cotton mills is contemplated. —— The Swedish government is trying to negotiate a loan of ten million dollars in this country. —— The new cable between the United States and Germany was opened yesterday. —— Japanese government is prepared to withdraw its marines at Amoy. —— Minister Conger reports more Russian, German, French and Italian troops arriving at Pekin. —— Kid McCoy knocked out by Corbett in the fifth round. —— Further reports from the South Carolina primaries.—Seventy thousand tons of American coal ordered by the British government. —— Emperor William tells the German consul at Hankow that protection for the Yangtse valley will be provided for by nine German warships now on the way to China. —— N. Y. markets: Money on call steady at 1½@1½ per cent.; cotton dull, middling uplands 9⅝c; flour was firm and active with wheat; wheat; —spot, steady, No. 2 red 81½;corn—spot quiet, No. 2 46½c; oats—spot steady, No. 2 25½c; rosin dull; spirits turpentine quiet.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Aug. 30.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 72 degrees; 8 P. M., 78 degrees; maximum, 84 degrees; minimum, 69 degrees; mean, 76 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, T; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 1.90 inches.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Showers have fallen in all districts except the New Orleans, the greatest falls occurring in the Carolinas and Alabama; at Goldsboro, 1.81 inches; Raleigh 1 60; Columbia, Texas, 2.04; Kerrville, Tex., 1.82.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—For North Carolina—Generally fair for Friday and Saturday; except showers on the coast Friday; warmer in the interior Friday. Light southwesterly winds.

Port Almanac—August 31.

Sun Rises	5.30 A. M.
Sun Sets	6.30 P. M.
Day's Length	13 H. 00 M.
High Water at Southport	11.33 P. M.
High Water Wilmington	2.03 A. M.

American salt works supply more than one-fifth of the salt used in the world, in addition to which the salt trust salts the American people very heavily.

A negro in Philadelphia fell down an elevator shaft from the sixth floor without being hurt. He had doubtless contracted the Philadelphia habit of going slow.

During his four years as Governor of Kentucky, Governor Bradley pardoned 229 men convicted of taking human life. They had to do something to help build up the Republiparty.

John Vance Cheney, the Chicago poet, has gone into bankruptcy with $4,150 liabilities and $400 assets, and now the wonder is how he could have accumulated so much liabilities and so much assets.

It is said that Nebraska's population has decreased one hundred thousand since the census of 1890 was taken. They have have had so much prosperity out there that they had to go off to enjoy it.

The constituents of Congressman Boutelle, of Maine, have renominated him, although he is in a lunatic asylum, with little hope of ever recovering fully his mental equilibrium. That was kind of them, and while it does not apply to Boutelle, perhaps, there are a good many Congressmen who could serve their constituencies as well, if not better, in a lunatic asylum than in Congress.

A New Haven man who was jilted presented his ex-sweetheart with an itemized bill for $316 for presents, ice cream and sundries which he had been presenting her for three years. She reciprocated by presenting an offset bill for kisses at a dollar a piece and brought him in debt several hundred dollars, enough to break him. Nothing like keeping tab in matters of business.

Cupid must be making his headquarters in the town of Peru, Illinois. He got such complete possession of the young folks that the city fathers passed a law making it a finable offence to be caught "courting, making love, or spooning" anywhere on the streets of that town. Judging from the phraseology there must be three grades of it out there. But the old fellows didn't like it because on one of the principal thoroughfares they were constantly stumbling over wooing couples, and it recalled reminiscences, and reminded them of what simpletons they once were themselves.

LOCAL DOTS.

— Mr. Lucien L. Bland, who was overcome by the heat some time ago, was much improved yesterday.

— Mr. Harvey C. Twining, A. C. L. baggage agent, has returned from his vacation, which he spent North.

— The "S. C. B's" crossed bats with the "Chesnut Streeters" at Hilton Park yesterday afternoon and won by a score of 14 to 9.

— Deputy Sheriff Rowan returned on yesterday from Newbern where he went on the day before to carry Frank Lee Craft wanted, there for larcency.

— The Literary Society of Fifth Street Methodist Church will meet Monday night to arrange for an entertainment to be given soon for the benefit of the church debt.

— The coasting schooners *Maggie C.* and *Caroline*, which have been detained at Wrightsville Inlet to get repairs made necessary by severe weather sailed for Wilmington yesterday morning.

— Positively it was not the field editor of the STAR who put big horns on the doe captured by officer Smith Wednesday. Nor does it appear that the offending reporter had been indulginging "horns."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Seacoast Road—Schedule.
S. W. Sanders—Take notice.
Jas. D. Nutt—Southern Remedy.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Miss Janet Betts left yesterday for Raleigh.

— Mrs. W. T. Bannerman is visiting at Burgaw.

— Mr. E. J. Powers arrived from Atlanta yesterday.

— Capt. Donald MacRae left yesterday for Linville.

— Robt. Ruark, Esq., is in Raleigh on official business.

— Miss Marjorie Taylor left yesterday for Baltimore to spend some time.

— Mr. W. L. Burkheimer has gone to Bennettsville, S. C., on a visit.

— Mrs L. J. Price and son, Mr. J. W. Price, returned from Goldsboro last evening.

— Messrs. Willie Grant and Tom Shepard returned last night, after a pleasant trip to Wallace.

— Capt. W. F. Corbett is out again after a brief illness. He will resume his regular runs soon.

— Mrs. Jas. Manning and Miss Florence Alford, of Dillon, S. C., were guests at The Orton yesterday.

— Mr. D. F. Koonce and bride arrived yesterday from Catherine's Lake and are at home at 414 South Fourth street.

— Mrs. Addie Burriss, of Southport, is in the city visiting her parents, Squire and Mrs. W. McD. Evans, 817 North Third street.

— W. T. Sears, of the Angola Lumber Company, went out to Dixon's on the W. & N. Railroad yesterday on business.

— Mr. and Mrs. Chas. H. Robinson and Miss Lizzie Robinson left last night for New York. While North they will also visit in Vermont.

— Mr. Henry W. Miller, the cornet soloist who has been with his father's orchestra at the Seashore Hotel during the season, left yesterday for Baltimore.

— Misses Susie Stone, of Shallotte, and Nicie and Zellah Bridgers, of Bladenboro, were in the city yesterday, going to Oxford to attend the Oxford Female Seminary.

— Mr. Thomas M. Robinson, special agent of the U. S. Census Office, Washington, D. C., who has been in the city for several days on business, left last night for Fayetteville.

— Raleigh *Post*, 30th: "Mr. C. T. Bennett, one of the most experienced and popular hotelists in the State, is in the city on business. He is now connected with the Orton Hotel of Wilmington, one of the very best hotels anywhere in North Carolina."

— Mr. M. H. Curran is back from New York, where he bought a complete stock of goods for his merchant tailoring and gent's furnishing departments. With Mrs. Curran he spent some time at the seaside resorts. Mrs. Curran will remain North for a week or two.

— Mr. E. J. W. Anders, postmaster of Ivanhoe, was a STAR visitor last evening. He reports the crop outlook unfavorable. Mr. W. M. Corbett, Jr., postmaster at Olga, accompanied him, and both are here on business connected with the registration of their turpentine stills.

Another Two-Day Excursion.

The Southern Railway will operate another special train from Morganton, Statesville, Winston-Salem and intermediate points to Wilmington, Sept. 5th. Two nights and two days will be allowed the visitors at the seashore. The excursion will return, leaving Wilmington, 8 o'clock P. M., Sept. 7th. R. L. Vernon, T. P. A. of the Southern, is in charge.

Aldermen Meet To-day.

The Board of Aldermen did not meet yesterday morning on account of the lack of a quorum, so the meeting was deferred until this morning at 11 o'clock, when it is sincerely hoped that there will be a good attendance. The important matter of making appropriations for streets and wharves improvements will be acted upon.

CONTRACT AWARDED

For the Stone for the Sea Wall to Go Around Fort Caswell.

ALSO TRANSPORTING SAME.

W. R. Bonsal & Co., of Hamlet, Will Furnish the Stone and W. A. Sanders, of Wilmington, Will Carry It to Fort Caswell.

Contracts were awarded yesterday at the United States Engineer's office for furnishing and transporting stone for use in constructing the new sea wall around Fort Caswell. The bids were opened at 3 P. M. August 21st and sent on to General Wilson, chief of engineers, at Washington, with recommendations from Capt. E. W. VanCourt Lucas, the chief of the engineer's office here.

W. R. Bonsal & Co., of Hamlet, received the contract for furnishing the stone. They will deliver 6,000 tons of broken stone at Wilmington at $1.73 per ton and 7,000 tons of large stone at $1.53 per ton. The Stewart Contracting Company, of Columbia, S. C., offered to furnish the stone for $1.62 for the large stone and $1.90 for the broken; the Coggins Granite Company, of Elberton, Ga., at $1.65 and $1.95; Thomas Woodroffe & Sons, of Mt. Airy, N. C., at $1.68 and $1.85.

Capt. W. A. Sanders received the contract for transporting the stone from Wilmington to Fort Caswell. His bid was 41 cents per ton for the broken stone and 40 cents per ton for the large stone. The other bidders were: Belden & Howie, 80 and 75 cents; Charles Wessell, 90 and 80 cents; E. D. Williams, 95 and 85 cents; S. W. Skinner & Son, 60 and 55 cents.

Contracts for furnishing a quantity of poles or brush for use in building the wall were not awarded yesterday. The bidders were J. A. & C. H. Zebelin, of Viola; S. W. Lehew, of Southport; J. D. MacRae and W. H. Robbins, of Wilmington.

Successful bidders are required to give bond in the sum of 25 per cent. of the contract as a guarantee of faithful performance.

The contracts are to be filled as soon as possible and stone may soon be expected to be passing through the city in large quantities. The terms of the contract for transportation from Wilmington to Fort Caswell require that the stone shall be carried down at the rate of not less than from 50 to 100 tons per day.

The amount appropriated by Congress for the construction of the sea wall is $148,000 and that amount is now available. The wall will be nearly a mile long and high and strong enough to keep the ocean from encroaching on the fort. Previously when fierce storms came, the water would lash between the different parts of the forts and cause considerable damage. The great storm of last October did a vast amount of damage.

The building of the sea wall is not the only improvement that is being made at Fort Caswell. Contracts have been awarded for building barracks to cost $12,000. Also, quarters for both the commissioned and non-commissioned officers. When the work is all done Fort Caswell will be right up among the leading fortifications of the Atlantic Coast.

THE FATE OF KINSAULS.

Governor Russell Writes William J. Bellamy, Esq., for More Letters and Arguments.

William J. Bellamy, Esq., wired Gov. Russell day before yesterday to find out what had been decided with regard to the petition for the commutation of the sentence of Archie Kinsauls. Yesterday he received a letter asking him to put his case in writing and promising to give it attention. Mr. Bellamy at once prepared a long document setting forth the reasons why he thought the sentence of Kinsauls should be commuted and sent it on. In the Governor's letter it was stated that he had expected to get to Wilmington this week but was unexpectedly detained in Raleigh. Mr. Bellamy is confident that he will hear the result of the petition by to-morrow.

The date for the execution is September 7th. One week from to-day, therefore, unless Governor Russell will intervene Kinsauls will hang.

The Seashore Hotel.

So successful has been the season at the Seashore Hotel under the excellent management of Mr. Joe Hinton as to necessitate material improvements before the opening of the season of 1901, chief among them being the addition of sixty rooms. Several times during the present season the accommodations proved insufficient for the rush of seaside visitors; but next year this trouble will not occur. Mr. Hinton's management has given universal satisfaction, and he will have a "full house" next season.

German-American Cable.

Mr. J. E. Wood, manager of the Postal Telegraph Company, received from General Superintendent J. W. Kates, of Richmond, a telegram announcing the completion of a new cable, and the only one in existence connecting the United States and Germany. It is operated in connection with the Postal Telegraph and Cable Company and the Commercial Cable Company.

TURPENTINE DISTILLERIES.

The Law Requiring Registration of All Stills and the Penalty for Failure to Register.

The article which appeared in the STAR a few days since concerning the Federal law requiring the registration of turpentine stills and providing for a penalty of $500 on each still not registered by September 1st, stirred up the turpentine operators throughout this section, not one of whom seems to have known of the existence of such a law. Ever since the article appeared they have been hustling as they never hustled before, and it is thought nearly all of them will comply with the law.

The following extract from the law is printed on the forms for registry of stills:

[To be returned in duplicate to the Deputy Collector by every person having in his possession or custody, or under his control, any still or distilling apparatus set up. Persons failing to register become liable to a penalty of five hundred dollars and a fine of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars, and imprisonment for not less than one month nor more than two years, in addition to forfeiture of the still and all personal property found in the building, etc., where the same shall be set up. (Revised Statutes, Section 3258.) A copy of each notice on this form is to be immediately forwarded to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue.]

Blank forms may be had of Mr. S. P. Collier, United States Commissioner, in this city.

The STAR has little doubt that a few days' indulgence, after September 1st, will be permitted, as nearly all distillers have been entirely ignorant of the existence of such a law.

DIED AT MASONBORO.

Mr. Jas. G. Walton Passed Away at His Home Yesterday Morning—The Funeral To-day.

The STAR regrets to announce the death of Mr. James G. Walton, one of Masonboro's leading citizens, at his residence yesterday morning at 7 o'clock, at the age of 63 years. He had been quite sick for the past five weeks and although his death was not altogether unexpected it was a severe blow to his family.

Deceased was a consistent member of the Baptist church, and at the time of his death was a deacon in the Masonboro church.

He was married twice. His first wife was a Miss Gladen, of Masonboro. His second marriage was to a Miss Walton, of this city. Surviving him are the following children from his second marriage: Mrs. George N. Lewis and Mr. A. L. Walton, of Florence, S. C.; Mrs. R. A. Biddle and Mrs. A. W. Allen, of Wilmington; Mrs. Daniel George and Miss Margaret Walton, of Masonboro.

The funeral services will be conducted at 9 o'clock this morning from the late residence by Rev. Calvin S. Blackwell, D. D., pastor of the First Baptist Church.

FORMAL HOUSE WARMING.

New Club Will Celebrate That Occasion Next Wednesday—Yacht Races.

The formal opening of the new club house of the Hammocks Boating and Fishing Association will take place next Wednesday afternoon on the "hammocks." One of the chief features of amusement for the occasion will be yacht races and a mixed race between the yachts and dead-rise skiffs. Boats entering will be those owned by members of the club. The committee on arrangements is also preparing for an informal entertainment in the club house after the races.

The building is almost completed and will be ready for occupancy by the first of the week.

TAKEN TO WHITEVILLE.

Deputy Sheriff Carter Arrived Yesterday and Identified Henry Seals.

Deputy Sheriff L. W. Carter arrived yesterday from Whiteville to identify the negro Henry Seals, who was arrested here Tuesday for stealing the horse of Mrs. F. W. Boege, of Whiteville. As soon as Mr. Carter saw Seals, he was able to positively identify the negro, for it was to Mr. Carter that Seals sold the stolen horse.

Mr. Carter said Seals had been going from place to place in Columbus county preaching and stirring up the negroes in general. He passed as an evangelist for quite a while. Mr. Carter left yesterday afternoon with his prisoner for Whiteville to place him in the Columbus county jail.

Returned from Germany.

Messrs. Jno. H. Kuck and George Schnibben arrived last evening, after an absence of several months spent in the "old country." They left here on the 20th of April last and visited their old home in Germany. Returning, they sailed from Bremerhaven on August 21st on the North German Lloyd steamship *Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse* and reached New York last Tuesday.

Mr. Henry Burfeindt, who went over with the party, will not return until later.

Will Leave the Service.

Mr. C. F. Crowley, who has been steward at the Marine Hospital for several months past, has resigned his position on account of his decision to leave the service. His successor has not been named. Mr. Crowley will leave Saturday on the Clyde Liner *Saginaw* for New York and from there he will return to his former home at Omaha, Neb.

A BEAUTIFUL GERMAN GIVEN LAST NIGHT.

Masonic Temple Ball Room Was the Scene of a Lovely Dance—Many Couples Participated—Notable Success.

A beautiful german was danced in the Masonic Temple ball room last night, and it was participated in by quite a number of couples, mostly of the "younger set" of society folk. It was the first german of the season and was a brilliant success.

The german was very gracefully led by Mr. Harry G. Smallbones, Jr., who introduced some new and very attractive figures, and acquitted himself admirably. The german was concluded in the early hours of this morning and was pronounced by all who were present to have been a delightful success. There were many spectators in the gallery.

The chaperones were: Mrs. A. Gore, Mrs. E. R. Daggett, Mrs. B. O. Stone, Mrs. Walker Taylor.

Following were the couples who participated: Miss Tallulah DeRosset with Alfred Jewett; Miss Amie Harlow with Benj. Bell, Jr.; Miss Hasell Love with Willie Bellamy; Miss Nessie Cotchett with Zack Bell; Miss Bessie Gore with Harry West; Miss Beth Daggett with Willie Watters; Miss Rena Johnson with Preston Cumming; Miss Mary Wiggins with Will Gordon; Miss Emma Northrop with S. Nash; Miss Bettie Johnson with Oscar Peck; Miss Norah Angel with Joe Watters; Miss Janie Williams with George Parsley; Miss Julia Parsley with Joe Armstrong; Miss Emma West with Thomas Pierce.

Staga—Willie James, Louis Hatch, Willie Smith, Harmon Phillips, H. M. Emerson, Jr.

CONGRESSMAN JOHN D. BELLAMY.

He Will Make a Vigorous Campaign in the Sixth District.

Congressman Jno. D. Bellamy will make a vigorous campaign, beginning Sept. 10th, the time fixed by the State Executive Committee for the national campaign in this State to open. He will not depend on the majority won in the previous congressional contest, but will go in to make it still larger. Of course he is confident of re election but prefers to be on the safe side and to avoid all possible danger arising from apathy or disaffection of any sort. Therefore he has made up his mind to go up and down the old Sixth from the tenth of September up to the sixth of November, not neglecting any section. He will make out his own itinerary and will have it prepared in the course of several days.

BEGUN SCHEDULES YESTERDAY.

The Two Boats of the Wilmington and Little River Transportation Co.

The two boats of the Wilmington and Little River Transportation Company began their new schedules yesterday, the *Compton*, Capt. W. A. Sanders, clearing for Little River and Calabash, and the *Seabright*, Capt. John L. Price, clearing for Shallotte. It was feared that the *Seabright* would not be able to reach her destination on account of the shoals in Shallotte river. Steamers have not been running up this river previously. All the transportation of freight has been by sail boats.

Excursionists Coming and Going.

After two days of pleasure and sight seeing in and around the city, our friends from Salisbury and other points on the Southern Railway returned home last night, leaving at 8 o'clock. The beaches proved very popular for the visitors and all who went to sea on the *Wilmington* were delighted with the trip.

Hatch Brothers will bring down another big excursion from Spring Hope and intermediate points to-day.

The train will run through to Wrightsville but will return to the city this afternoon about 5 o'clock.

Club Dance To-Night.

Every indication points to a brilliant frolic at the Carolina Club to-night. In view of the fact that it will be the last dance of the season by the club, the arrangement committee is doing all in its power to make the occasion one of rare enjoyment. All members of the Atlantic Yacht Club are extended a cordial invitation to be present and many will avail themselves of the pleasure. The best music available will be secured. A late train will be run to the city, leaving the beach at 11 o'clock.

Will Address the Teachers.

Prof. M. C. S. Noble, of the University of North Carolina, who has been here on a visit, will leave to-day for Fayetteville to deliver an address before the Teachers' Institute of Cumberland county. He will speak on the "Relation of the Public Schools to the University."

Was Only a Rumor.

A rumor got out yesterday afternoon that two boys were drowned at the wharf of the Angola Lumber Company. It turned out to be false. The two boys were seen near Fourth street bridge and were very much surprised to hear that they had been reported as drowned.

Left for Kenansville.

Rev. William M. Shaw and family passed through the city yesterday on their way from Southport to Kenansville, where Rev. Mr. Shaw will take charge of the James Sprunt Institute, of which he was recently elected president.

THREE DESERTERS ARRESTED

Carried Before the City Authorities and Ordered to Go Back Aboard Ship. Arrested by Officer Bryan.

After the schooner *Charles H. Sprague* had cast off her lines yesterday at the wharves of the Cape Fear Lumber Company, ready to sail for New York, three of her seamen stepped ashore—deserters. The captain decided to proceed down the river in tow of the tug *Blanche* as the tug was all ready and waiting to proceed. The schooner was carried down the stream and anchored, and the captain came ashore to look after his refractory men. He communicated with Mr. W. N. Harriss, and the two called on the police for help. Mr. Harriss pointed out the three men to Police Officer J. S. Bryan who arrested the one of the three who appeared to be the most obstinate, handcuffed him and carried him to the City Hall, the others following. The three men were given a hearing and adjudged deserters. They were ordered back aboard the ship and were escorted to the *Blanche* which took them to the vessel.

The trouble arose over the refusal of the three men to sail without a fourth. The schooner was supposed to have a crew of four men. The captain construed this by meaning three men and a mate; the deserters contended that it meant four men and a mate.

To City Subscribers.

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure prompt and regular delivery.

Do you want 2,000 or 3,000 old newspapers at your own price? If so, call at the STAR office. They make a cheap wrapping paper. †

DIED.

WALTON—At Masonboro, Thursday, August 30, at 7 A. M., JAMES G. WALTON, in the 63d year of his age.

Funeral this (Friday) morning at 9 o'clock from the residence.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Underwriters' Sale.

On Friday next, 31st inst., at 11.00 o'clock A. M., will be sold at the mill yard of Messrs. S. & W. H. Northrop, by order of the Underwriters for account of whom it may concern, 130 M feet of No. 1 Long Leaf Heart Y. T. Lumber (assorted sizes.) Ex steamer Catharine. Whiting. To be sold in quantities to suit. Terms cash. JOHN W. ATKINSON, Agent for Underwriters.

Aug. 28, 1900. au 28 4t

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency

Offers best facilities for handling Desirable Real Estate. Special attention to City Property, Timbered Lands and desirable Farms. We have arrangements for the sale of a few large tracts of Land for farming purposes, consisting of from 3,000 to 5,000 acres. This property is wanted on a railroad. Send us a list of the property you have for sale.

For terms, &c., address R. G. GRADY & CO., apr 22 tf Burgaw, N. C.

You Don't Know what you have missed

By not trying one of Warren's 25c or 50c Pound Cakes. ALWAYS FRESH.

WARREN'S

Steam Bakery and Cafe,

jy 11 tf No. 22 North Front street.

TO MY CUSTOMERS:

It is my intention to leave on August 21st for the Furniture Exposition. If there is anything special you would like I will buy it for you at Factory cost, adding 10 per cent. commission, freight and handling. During my absence my special 20 per cent. discount and free storage till October 1st on high grade goods will continue in force.

N. F. PARKER,

Furniture and Furniture Novelties,

No. 17 South Front Street.

au 11 tf

Dr. Worthington's Southern Remedy

FOR BOWEL DISEASES AND INSTANT PAIN CURE. THE GREAT CHOLERA, CRAMP AND DIARRHŒA CURE.

Used over 25 years.

For sale by

JAMES D. NUTT, Chemist,

au 11 tf Wilmington, N. C.

WILMINGTON SEA COAST R. R.

On and after June 14, 1900, the schedule will be as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Ocean View.
6.30 A. M	7.45 A. M.
10.10 A. M	11.30 A. M.
2.30 P. M.	3.45 P. M.
5.00 P. M.	6.00 P. M.
7.15 P. M.	10.00 P. M.

SUNDAY TRAIN.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Ocean View
10.10 A. M.	11.30 A. M.
3.30 P. M.	6.00 P. M.
7.15 P. M.	9.00 P. M.

Every Friday and Saturday on account of Club House dances the last train will leave the Beach at 11 P. M. instead of 10.00.

Freight will be carried only on the 10.10 A. M. and 5 P. M. trains except fresh meats, ice and vegetables, which will be taken on the 6.30 train. No goods will be received unless accompanied by way bills and FREIGHT PREPAID. Freight must be received at our depot 15 minutes before leaving time of train. No exceptions will be made to these rules.

jy 10 tf R. O. GRANT, Supt.

WANTED.

Hides, Wool and Beeswax.

Highest Cash Prices Paid.
Quotations furnished on application.

SAMUEL BEAR, Sr.,

Wholesale Grocer,
18 Market street, Wilmington, N. C.

my 13 tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Wanted.

Some more nice property to RENT, and a few desirable lots for SALE.

W. M. CUMMING,

Real Estate Agent.

For Rent.

Two stores on Market street.
Two stores on Front street.

A	$22.50	house on Front street.
A	15.00	" " Front street.
A	30.00	" " Third street.
A	30.00	" " Fourth street.
A	20.00	" " Second street.
A	35.00	" " Eighth street.

And a few others, but they are going fast.

W. M. CUMMING.

au 30 tf ex sv

BRAN! BRAN! BRAN!

One car-load nice fresh Bran

Just received.

Also, one car-load good Mixed Corn.

One car Timothy Hay.

Also, car loads of other stuff. Get our prices.

D. L. GORE CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

au 28 tf Wilmington, N. C.

25 Crates Extra Fancy Soft Peaches and 15 Crates Niagara Grapes.

MUST BE SOLD.

$1.00 to $1.25

PER CASE.

J. W. PLUMMER, Jr.,

204 Princess street,

au 17 tf Inter-State 'Phone 139.

D. O'CONNOR.

Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.



DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES FOR RENT.

Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly Money loaned on improved

ma 1 tf

SEASONABLE GOODS.

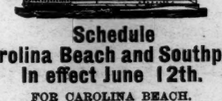
MULLETS, new catch.
Best Cream Cheese,
Martin's Gilt Edge Butter,
Bagging and Ties.
SALT.

A GENERAL LINE OF CASE GOODS IN DEMAND AT THIS SEASON.

Sole agents for ROB ROY FLOUR.

McNAIR & PEARSALL.

sep 10 tf



Schedule Carolina Beach and Southport In effect June 12th.

FOR CAROLINA BEACH.

Boat leaves Wilmington for Carolina Beach 6 A. M., 9.15 A. M., 2.45 P. M., 5.15 P. M.

FOR WILMINGTON.

Trains leave Beach at 7 A. M., 1 P. M., 3.30 P. M., 6 P. M.

Fare to the Pier and return on the 5.15 and 7.30 boat 15 cents.

No 7.30 boat from Wilmington and no 8.30 train from Beach on Monday and Saturday.

Leave Wilmington Sunday at 10.00 A. M. 2.30 P. M. and 7.30 P. M.

Leave Beach Sunday at 12.30 P. M., 6 P. M. and 8.30 P. M.

FOR SOUTHPORT.

Boat leaves Wilmington at 9.15 A. M.

FOR WILMINGTON.

Boat leaves Southport at 12 M.

jy 8 tf J. W. HARPER.

WILLIAMS BROS.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

16 & 18 North Water Street,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Virginia Water Ground Meal.
Flour—Patent, Straight and Clear in barrels and bags.
Lard, Soap, Lye.

A FULL LINE OF TOBACCO, CIGARS AND CIGARETTES.

Salt in 100 lb, 195 lb and 200 lb bags.
Cakes and Crackers of all kinds.
Candy in baskets and boxes.
Sardines, Molasses, Cheese.

Wrapping Paper, Twine, Bags Nails, etc jy 25 tf

For Lowest Prices . . .

ON BAGGING AND TIES OF STANDARD QUALITY

Call on us.

ALSO FOR CHEESE, CRACKERS, SARDINES, SALMON, MULLETS, &C., &C., &C.

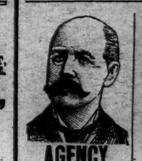
All Heavy Groceries.

LIME, CEMENT, NAILS, HAY, GRAIN, GLUE, RIVETS.

THE WORTH CO.

au 2 tf WILMINGTON, N. C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.



This Popular Shoe FOR MEN AND BOYS

AGENCY.

sells rapidly with us.

We now have a fine assortment on hand, and several large orders with the factory to come soon.

- - A NICE LOT - -

of Duttenhofers' fine Ladies' Lace and Button just received.

- - The Cut Prices - -

on our Summer Stock and Broken Sized lots are moving the goods.

Come early and get your size. Much of this is nice, fresh, new stock. Don't miss the chance to get your fit.

Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS.

au 19 tf

Take No Other . . .

"Cuban Blossom,"
"Renown,"
"Topical Twist"

CIGARS.

Can't Be Approached. Sold everywhere.

Vollers & Hashagen,

Sole Sales Agents.

au 5 tf

Some people are wise and some are otherwise.

The careful purchaser of Hardware, wholesale or retail, inquiring after the best stock and Lowest Prices consistent with quality, in the general Hardware line, cannot possibly make a mistake by taking a look over our stock, which

Embraces Everything in the General Hardware line.

We have a number of seasonable specialties just now that invite your inspection before purchases are made elsewhere.

J. W. MURCHISON & CO.,

Orton Building.

au 10 tf

Fruit Jars, Fruit Jars.

Let Us Have Your Orders.

We are out of Half Gallon Jars, but will furnish you with

Mason's Quart Jars At Reduced Prices.

We extend an invitation to call and inspect our Fall line of

Dinner and Tea Sets, Chamber Sets, Lamps, &c.,

In all grades and quality of ware.

We [illegible] the best Lead Flint Lamp Chimneys made. TRY THEM.

O. P. Cazaux & Co.

au 28 tf

NEW MULLETS.

4100	Pounds New Mullets.
1000	Pounds White Fish.
9000	Lombardy Cigars.
5000	Jule Carr Cigars.
3600	Pounds Mixed Candy.
2800	Pounds Stick Candy.
1000	Pounds Broken Candy.
920	Barrels New Wheat Flour.
116	Barrels and Bags Sugar.
100	Cases P. & M. Powder.
110	Cases Toilet Soap.
840	Barrels Va. Meal.

W. B. COOPER,

WHOLESALE GROCER

au 19 tf Wilmington, N. C.

TAKE NOTICE.

I have NOT sold my business or any part of it at "The Unlucky Corner," and do not expect to, the rumor to the contrary notwithstanding. I will run it as heretofore, and take care of your interest. I am able and willing to give you as good Groceries and as good services as any house in the State.

S. W. SANDERS.

au 12 tf

The Barber Shop.

It makes no difference whether the weather is hot or cold. You need a nice, clean, easy shave all the same.

We cut hair, too.

As well as shampoo.

GUION & DAVIS,
7 South Front street.

P. S.—Brush the gentleman cop a pie.

au 26 tf

1900		**AUGUST**				**1900**
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter 3 11:45 a.m. Third Quarter 17 6:44 a.m.
Full Moon 10 4:30 p.m. New Moon 24 10:52 p.m.

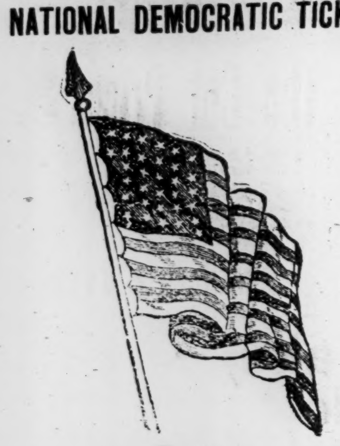
The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, AUGUST 31.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.



For President:
WILLIAM J. BRYAN, of Nebraska.

For Vice-President:
ADLAI E. STEVENSON, of Illinois.

For Congress, Sixth District:
JOHN D. BELLAMY, of New Hanover.

A TERRIBLY FRIGHTENED ORGAN.

If Wm. J. Bryan enjoys jokes he must be exceedingly amused at the paroxysms of fright that the prospect of his election is giving some of the Republican organs. If they really mean what they say, they would be fit subjects for sympathy, for they must suffer much; but as they do not mean what they say, their cries of alarm are amusing, amusing that men of presumed common sense should indulge in them, or that they should set such a low estimate on the intelligence of American people as to suppose any considerable number of them would be influenced by such ebulitions.

The New York *Sun* has made a sort of specialty of the scare style of editorial, but the Philadelphia *Press* has bounded to the front and eclipsed the *Sun* with the following combination and conglomeration of scares. Under the caption "If Bryan is Elected" it proceeds to predict what may happen and scare folks up thus:

"1. The House will be Democratic if Bryan is elected. In thirty years no President has been elected without a House of the same political complexion, save when Hayes was chosen in 1876. By no possibility can it happen in the present election that a Republican House can be chosen if Bryan is elected. President Bryan would have a Democrat-Populist House behind him.

"2. The Senate will be silver Democratic and Populist, if Bryan is elected In no way can any one, as we have repeatedly shown, reckon a majority for Bryan in the Electoral College without giving a Democratic-Silver-Populist majority in the Senate out of the doubtful States, and through Silver Republicans silver will be two votes stronger in the Senate than Bryan's party. Bryan will have the Senate.

"3. If elected, Bryan has pledged himself to call an extra session. Next March, therefore, every business interest in the country will face a Populist-Democratic President, House and Senate in extra session. Business will stop until their work is done. What will this work be if Bryan is elected?

4. The Philippines will be surrendered, endangering our position in the East; but this is only to come after a "stable government" is established by the United States, whether the Filipinos want it or not. The country will have all the evils of "scuttle" and none of the advantages, such as they are, of a swift retreat.

5. The gold standard law will be repealed and free silver coinage ordered. Both parties and platforms are pledged to this, and so is Mr. Bryan. He and his party stand toward free silver exactly where President McKinley and his party stood toward protection four years ago. Whatever issue may be conspicuous in the canvass, free silver is sure to come forward in 1901, if Bryan is elected, as protection did in 1897, when McKinley was elected.

"6. If the gold standard law is not directly repealed Mr. Bryan's Secretary, probably Mr. Altgeld, has only to do two things—order silver paid out where gold is not required by law and refuse to sell gold bonds to maintain a gold standard, and both he could legally do—to bring in the silver basis, if Bryan is elected.

"7. In his Topeka speech Mr. Bryan attacked the banks and planted himself on the Populist platform, favoring the substitution of the national bank currency by greenbacks. 'The final question at this time,' said Mr. Bryan at Topeka, 'as to paper money, is whether the banks or the Government shall issue it.' With President, Senate and House favoring a Government issue, an irredeemable paper currency would be added to unlimited silver coinage, if Bryan is elected.

"8. Both parties demand a free trade tariff. This would be passed, if Bryan is elected, exactly as a protective tariff was passed in 1897.

"9. No free trade tariff can give sufficient revenue. Witness the deficits 1893 to 1897. An income tax would be indispensible to meet expenses, if Bryan is elected.

"10. An income tax requires a remodeling of the Supreme Court. The court next year will have one member 74 years of age, two members 69 and 68, and two 65. Either President Bryan's appointments will remodel the court or a statute can add two members, reversing the income tax decision. Holding President, Senate and House, any change can be made in the Supreme Court, if Bryan is elected.

"11. Pledged by both platforms not to use the army to suppress riot, in the labor strikes certain to follow the panic, depression and disaster these things would bring, our great cities and their peace, order, prosperity and property would be where Chicago would have been if Cleveland and Olney had not acted in 1894. Moreover, the Supreme Court, as it would be changed if Byran is elected, would reverse its riot decision.

"These are the pledges and logical results, if Bryan is elected. We commend them to every man who values the honor and prosperity of his country or his own chance to earn an honest living. They mean ruin for the whole land and for every man's job. They bring, taking Mr. Bryan at his word, and Mr. Bryan we are assured is 'honest,' a Democratic-Populist Congress, an extra session next March, the abolition of the gold standard, free silver, an issue of greenbacks, the repeal of the protective tariff, an income tax, the packing of the Supreme Court and free riot. The man who asserts these things will not happen believes that Mr. Bryan and his party will be false to their declarations and their platforms."

About the only special importance that attaches to these hysterical utterances is that they appear in a paper which is controlled by one of Mr. McKinley's cabinet, and may, therefore, be looked on in the light of a special organ of the administration. It is in effect a plaintive and pitiful plea for the re-election of Mr. McKinley, who took editor Smith into his cabinet.

If there was anything that Mr. Bryan might possibly do, that the Republicans do not want him to do, which was omitted from this paragraphic calamity column, it was inadvertently omitted or it was because editor Smith and his assistants couldn't think of it at the time. Something else, however, may be discovered later, which may form the material for another paragraphic calamity column.

It is a little remarkable, however, that while they were summing up the awful results that may follow Bryan's election they did not discover that on account of his sympathy with the Boers he might insist upon intervention, and get into a racket with Great Britain.

And that believing that much injustice has been done to the Filipinos he might insist on paying them for the houses and other property destroyed.

As he does not believe in a great big army nor in a great big navy he might discharge about three-fourths of the soldiers and order no more war ships to be built.

And as he is not much stuck on trusts he might order Congress to pass a law making it a felony for any man to belong to a trust or any combination of that kind.

As he does not believe in plutocracy, to make that thing practically impossible, he might direct Congress to pass a law providing that after any one had accumulated a million or so of dollars, he shouldn't be allowed to have any more, and it should be lawful for anybody to knock him down and take it away from him if he sneaked around and on the sly accumulated more.

He might do all these things on the assumption that he would be the whole thing when elected, and that all the Congress, the Supreme Court, and other courts, and other departments of the Government would have to do would be to execute his orders and anticipate his wishes.

That is about the view these perturbed organs seem to take of Mr. Bryan. He would be just as likely to do all these things as to carry out the prospective programme which the frantic *Press* presents in the above editorial. The American people haven't lost their heads if the organs have.

THE WHITE MAN'S BURDEN.

There has been a good deal of talk lately, and a good deal of hypocritical talk, about "the white man's burden" but the declaration of Mr. Broderick, referring to the policy to be pursued by the British government in the Chinese question, mentioned in the London cables published yesterday, shows exactly what is meant by the "white man's burden," that is that the white man takes it up and carries it, only when it is his interest to do so. We are speaking of governments now, not individuals who do make sacrifices for there fellow man, the red man, the black man and others. But governments always have some selfish object in view when they go into the burden carrying business and when they do they almost invariably make the ward carry the heaviest part of the burden.

Mr. Broderick says that while Great Britain is willing to take her share of the white man's burden (in China) she does not propose to allow the "yellow man" to dictate what that burden shall be. Great Britain will decide that for herself and carry only so much of it as may prove profitable. If she can squeeze anything out of the "yellow man" while she carries him all right, and if she can't she will drop him and let him shift for himself.

And that is the sum and substance of this "white man's burden" fraud, and applies not only to Great Britain, but to all the other Governments, including the "benevolent assimilation" programme of this Government in the Philippines.

Prof. Todd, of the United States Navy, and Director of the Nautical Almanac, has reached the retiring age and will be permitted to Toddle off.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* The Kind You Have Always Bought

THAT GRAND ARMY.

The Grand Army of the Republic was organized ostensibly as an association of the men who had served in the war for the preservation of the Union, social in in its character and aims, which was commendable, but this object has been overshadowed by others and that Grand Army has since become a dictatorial combination, a political machine, and a pension boomer. When the pension attorneys discover anything that threatens the prosperity of their business they stir up the Grand Army and resolutions follow quickly and numerous protesting against measures that might reduce the income of these attorneys, as gross injustice to the veterans, and that is one of the principal reasons why the efforts at pension reform fail, why there are now on the pension rolls about a million names and why we are paying about $140,000,000 annually in pensions, more than any two or three of the leading Governments on the earth combined.

But not satisfied with taking a big hand in politics and in the pension business, it is now essaying to dictate what kind of books shall be used in Southern schools, protesting against the kind that fail to teach that the Southern men who defended the South in the conflict between the States were wrong, and to all intents and purposes traitors to their country. That isn't the way they phrase it, but that is precisely what they mean. The kind of books they want put into the hands of Southern children are those which laud the North and Northern soldiers, hold them up as heroes worthy of emulation and of everlasting fame, and as a matter of course condemning the men of the South who fought to protect their States from invading armies.

Possibly some Northern school book publishers may be the inspiring movers of these protests, but they protest too much and assume altogether too much when they arrogate the prerogative of saying what kind of books shall be used in Southern schools. That is just a little too cheeky. The G. A. R. should confine itself to pensions and politics and the several reminiscent features of the organization.

DOESN'T WANT ANY COLONIES

In an interview published in the Washington *Post* several days ago Geo. White, the negro Congressman from the 2nd district of this State, stated that he would not be a candidate for re-election, but would move to some other State and engage in the practice of law. In that connection he said he thought the adoption of the Constitutional Amendment would result in the emigration of fifty thousand or more of negroes from this State within the next eight or ten years. He favors emigration, but is not in favor of colonizing. We quote him on this:

"My plan is to advise and encourage the immigration of the negroes of North Carolina to the West and North, but especially to the West. I do not want to see them colonized anywhere, for that would result in a repetition of what has taken place in North Carolina and the South generally. I think they should loose themselves among the people of the country. A few families should settle here and a few there. Then their children will be better educated. But the bulk of the colored people must of necessity remain in the South, and I think this plan of immigration will not only benefit those who leave the South, but those who remain there as well. This immigration should be systematic, and a home should be provided for a colored family before they leave their old homes in the South. There should be no wholesale removal."

Whether the constitutional amendment will give a stimulus to negro migration from the State remains to be seen. We do not believe it will to any material extent. There has been for years past a considerable migration of negroes from this to other States where there was more demand and higher wages paid for their labor, and this may continue, but White is level-headed on the colonization question, and he also makes the admission that there would be the same prejudice against the negro when congregated in other States as there is in North Carolina and other Southern States, an admission that the negro question, or race prejudice, is not confined to the South; but is general, an important admission, coming from one of the self-constituted champions of the race.

The *Outlook* remarks that the Republican leaders are making "a dangerous if not fatal mistake," in trying to scare the people away from the support of Bryan, in reply to which the New York *Sun*, which used to "shine for all" but now shines for McKinley, says they ain't trying to scare anybody. What does all this talk about resurrected free silver and what might happen if Bryan is elected mean then? Are they doing that just for fun?

Cold Steel or Death.

"There is but one chance to save your life and that is through an operation," was the awful prospect set before Mrs. I. B. Hunt, of Lime Ridge, Wis., by her doctor after vainly trying to cure her of a frightful case of stomach trouble and yellow jaundice. He didn't count on the marvellous power of Electric Bitters to cure Stomach and Liver troubles, but she heard of it, took seven bottles, was wholly cured, avoided the surgeon's knife, now weighs more and feels better than ever. It's positively guaranteed to cure Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles, and never disappoints. Price 50 cents at R. R. BELLAMY's drug store. †

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Statesville *Landmark*: The internal revenue officers made a good haul at Kappa, Davie county, Monday, when they seized the rectifying establishment of D. A. Safreit. Sixteen barrels of spirits were brought here last evening by Messrs. Blaylock and Davis.

— Concord *Tribune*: Millis H. Flack, a prominent citizen of Forest City, Rutherford county, was shot to death Tuesday morning by a negro tenant named Avery Mills. Mills was arrested, placed in the hands of officers and started for jail. A crowd of men overtook the officers, secured the negro, carried him into the woods and riddled him with bullets. Flack was a most excellent man, had represented his county in the Legislature and was highly esteemed as an upright Christian gentleman.

— Winston *Sentinel*: Mr. James Massey died suddenly at his home near Smithfield, Guilford county, Monday about 1 o'clock. He was well and active and went a distance of three miles yesterday, returning home feeling as well as usual. Heart failure was supposed to be the cause of his death. ——A homicide was committed on Huntington creek, in the eastern section of Wilkes county, on the evening of the 23d. James Lewis and James Marlow were at W. E. Anderson's distillery, drinking, it is said. They were sitting on a bench by the side of the house, jesting. Lewis took offence at some remark Marlow made, and seizing a club struck him over the shoulders. Marlow lived only about three hours. The two were good friends up to the time of the killing.

— Clinton *Democrat*: Mr. Robert H. Matthis died at the home of his brother, Mr. Z. E. Matthis, near town, on last Saturday morning. —— Mrs. Bettie Pigford Norman, wife of Mr. B. F. Norman, died at her home at Spring Hope on the 22nd inst., after a lingering illness. —— We regret to learn of the death of Mr. Henry Cromartie, at his home at Garland on last Saturday. He had been in declining health for several months. —— The first bale of new cotton. sold on the Clinton market was on last Friday, the 24th of August. It brought 9½ cents. ——Mr. Martin B. Williams, chairman of the Republican Executive Committee of Sampson county, who has the position of store keeper and gauger at Mr. W. H. Russell's distillery near town, lost a $1,000 bill on the streets in Clinton on last Thursday evening. He was carrying it in his pants pocket and it slipped out and fell on the ground at the pump in front of Mr. B. E. Herring's store. The loss was soon discovered and a diligent search was made, but without avail. Mr. Williams spent a sleepless night, the fact that he was a poorer man by $1,000 being a waking nightmare. It happened, however, that a crippled negro boy, Ferd Brewington, who lives near town, found the bill soon after it was dropped. He thought it was a Confederate bill and took it home with him. He told of finding the money and of its queer appearance. It was a gold certificate and looked something like a Confederate bill. When it became known that Mr. Williams had lost a bill of money those who heard Ferd speak of his find were satisfied that it was Mr. Williams' bill. And sure enough it was. Mr. Williams went out and got it, the boy giving it up readily. He was liberally rewarded.

TWINKLINGS.

— May—What became of that old flame of yours? Pomela—Papa put him out.—*Brooklyn Life.*

— The Cornfed Philosopher.—"You can get any man to listen to you," said the Cornfed Philosopher, "if you talk to him about his own dog or some other man's wife."—*Indianapolis Press.*

— "That old fellow coming was carried from the railroad accident all smashed up, and he wouldn't even acknowledge he was hurt. "Must be a Christian Scientist." "No. President of the road."—*Life.*

— No Good for a Frost: "When I told her I had something laid by for a rainy day, I thought I would win her." "And you didn't?" "No; what I'd laid by for rain was no protection from frost."—*Chicago Evening Post.*

— An Attraction: McJigger—"Never met Madame Capilla, eh? Ah! there's a woman of whom it may truly be said, 'her face is her fortune.'" Thingumbob—"Professional beauty, eh?" McJigger—"No; she's a bearded lady."—*Philadelphia Press.*

— Sociological: "The kind of man that wins," said the necessary discourser, "is the man who sees after what he wants." "Not he," said the other half of the humorist's dialogist team. "The winner is the man that can sit still and confidence people into bringing what he wants to him." —*Indianapolis Press.*

— At Variance: "I shall not pay any further attention to these criticisms until my accusers agree upon a charge," said Senator Sorghum. "Haven't they done so?" "No, sir. Some of them say I got all my money by holding lots of offices, and others say I held all my offices by having lots of money."—*Washington Star.*

— Father (meaningly)—"Who is the laziest boy in your class, Tommy? Tommy—I don't know, pa. Father—I should think you should know. When all the others are industriously studying or writing their lessons, who is it sits idly in his seat and watches the rest, instead of working himself? Tommy—The teacher.—*Glasgow Evening Times.*

—— Speaking of "smoked Yankees," there is a promising specimen in Kansas City—a negro school teacher who makes a profitable thing of his color by buying houses in select white neighborhoods and exacting good bonuses from adjacent property owners who wish to get him out of the neighborhood. He admits that he plays this successful skin game, and says that he has a right to it. — *Louisville Courier Journal, Dem.*

A Night of Terror

"Awful anxiety was felt for the widow of the brave General Burnham, of Machias, Me., when the doctors said she could not live till morning," writes Mrs. S. H. Lincoln, who attended her that fearful night. "All thought she must soon die from pneumonia, but she begged for Dr. King's New Discovery, saying it had more than once saved her life, and had cured her of consumption. After three small doses she slept easily all night, and its further use completely cured her." This marvellous medicine is guaranteed to cure all Throat, Chest and Lung Diseases. Only 50 cents and $1.00. Trial bottles 10 cents at R. R. BELLAMY's drug store. †

If you wish to sell a farm or city property place it in the hands of the East Carolina Real Estate Agency. R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* The Kind You Have Always Bought

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Who would have believed early in 1898 that in 1900 the United States would find itself supporting 275 armed garrisons on the other side of the world, to say nothing of troops actively engaged in a Chinese campaign? Neither Zadkiel nor Raphael nor any other astrologer, clever as they are, could have predicted it, and whoever dared to do so would have been laughed at. This is an age of rapid transit and change.— *Macon, Ga, Telegraph, Dem.*

—— No President has been re-elected since Grant—that is, in twenty-eight years. No President has been renominated since Grant except Harrison and Cleveland, and both were defeated for a continuous term—that is, no President since Grant has had a second continuous term. In 1888 Cleveland seemed to be absolutely sure of re-election, but he was defeated. In 1892 Harrison seemed to be sure of re-election, but he was defeated. Will Mr. McKinley furnish a third example, and will history repeat itself? Beware of the silent, stay-at-home vote!—*New York World, Dem.*

GOOD WATER FROM TREES.

Wells Which Wily Southern Woodsmen Tap With an Auger.

In many sections of the forest lands of the south during the dry seasons a man may walk for miles without finding a stream of water or a spring by which to quench his thirst. If, however, he is an experienced hunter and woodsman, he will not have to drink water from the stagnant pools in order to keep life in his body.

Queer as it may seem, an experienced man can hunt for days through such dry tracts and yet experience no inconvenience on account of the lack of water. Nature has provided a means which is only known to the initiated. Every old huntsman carries with him when going on a long hunt a small auger, by which he can secure a refreshing drink and water to cook with at any moment.

A cottonwood tree or a willow is the well which the wily huntsman taps. He examines each tree until he finds one that has what a woodsman calls a "vein." It is simply an attenuated protuberance. By boring into this "vein" a stream of clear water will flow out. It is not sap, but clear, pure water. The huntsmen say that the water is better than the average to be had from ordinary wells. There is no sweetish taste about it, but it has a strong flavor of sulphur and is slightly carbonated.

The reason for this phenomenon cannot easily be explained, but that a supply of water can be contained in a tree is not so surprising. The fact of its flowing is the wonderful feature, showing that is must be under pressure or, in other words, that there is more at the source of the supply. When it is considered that the trees furnish the water in the dry season and that the ground is literally baked, it is the more remarkable, especially when the roots of the trees do not extend to any great depth into the ground.—Memphis Scimitar.

NEW YORK'S EAST SIDE.

On Festive Occasions It Arrays Itself In Hired Finery.

The east side achieves gentility on great occasions, albeit somewhat unshaven and slipshod between whiles. From its own standpoint it does not spare expense. What it cannot buy, it hires. The possibilities of renting the set pieces and habiliments of fashion have been thoroughly exploited east of the Bowery. There is none of that pride of exclusive possession that obtains along thoroughfares farther westward. The swarming population shares its joys and sorrows and garments with impartial hand. Many of the brides whose brief finery startles their old companions on the wedding night hire their gowns and veils.

The most gorgeous and costly creations are obtainable for $5 an evening. The paraphernalia of mourning may be rented for a single occasion. Ball dresses warranted to captivate are for hire in Division street. Chowder parties are equipped throughout for a day on the sound.

There are dozens of establishments that drive a flourishing business loaning dress suits for a consideration. A rigid social etiquette prescribes that the truck driver and small shopkeeper shall on such formal occasions as balls and receptions don the clawhammer, and the downright east sider would rather be out of the world than out of fashion as he understands it. The young men who purchase secondhand the dress suits of business men whom they accost in Broadway and Wall street are the scouts of these luring establishments. Revamped and pressed anew, a dress suit will earn its second cost in two or three evenings. The garb of the floor committee at a typical ball of a social club is evidence enough that the tailors of New York are a cosmopolitan group.—New York Mail and Express.

The Human Birds.

A facetious man who rejoices in the name of Bird conceived the idea of calling a convention of all the people in Philadelphia who belong to his tribe. Of course it was a joke, but a glance through the pages of the directory convinced him that such a gathering would be a big one. He discovered that there were just an even 100 plain Birds, but the variety of those who specified their kinds was appalling. The list, as far as he went, was as follows: Doves, 15; Eagles, 8; Finches, 21; Fowls, 3; Hawks, 30; Jays, 6; Larks, 6; Jeacocks, 29; Pigeons, 1; Parrots, 40; Partridges, 30; Sparrowhawks, 7; Sparrows, 7; Wrens, 10; Robins, 15; Nightingales, 9; Flickers, 5; Thrushes, 4; Canaries, 3; Geese, 2, and Turkey, 1. There were two Chippeys, and Philip Ducks upheld the dignity of his branch of the family.—Philadelphia Record.

Denver's Great Chimney.

The tall chimney of the Grant smelter is an object of interest to every visitor of Denver. It is by far the tallest smokestack in the United States and has but two rivals in the world. The following facts will give the reader an adequate idea of the immensity of this chimney: It is 352 feet 4 inches in height. There are 1,943,000 bricks in this immense shaft. Its weight above the foundation is 12,376,500 pounds. Its pressure at the base is 160 pounds to the square inch, and the total wind pressure against it in a gale would be $96,200 pounds. The diameter at the base is 33 feet and at the top 20 feet.—Denver Post.

Setting a Neighbor Right.

"Was that your dog that was howling all night?"

"I guess it was."

"Why in thunder don't you feed him?"

"Heavens, man, it's indigestion that makes him howl!"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Exercise and Health.

Exercise is a splendid thing for a healthy person. But when the body is weakened by disease, exercise strains rather than strengthens. Exercise will not cure a "weak" stomach. It may increase the appetite, but it won't cure dyspepsia, and an increased appetite is a curse not a blessing to the sufferer from dyspepsia.



Take exercise by all means but also take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery if there is a deranged or diseased condition of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. This medicine is not a cure-all but a specific for diseases of the stomach and digestive and nutritive system. It strengthens the stomach, purifies the blood, and increases physical vigor.

There is no alcohol contained in "Golden Medical Discovery" and it is absolutely free from opium, cocaine and every other narcotic. It is strictly a temperance medicine.

"I wish to say that Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has proved a great blessing to me," writes Mrs. Ellen E. Bacon, of Shutesbury, Franklin County, Mass. "Prior to September, 1897, I had doctored for my stomach trouble for several years, going through a course of treatment without any real benefit. In September, 1896, I had very sick spells and grew worse; could eat but little. I commenced in September, 1897, to take Dr. Pierce's medicine, and in a short time I could eat and work. I have gained twenty pounds in two months."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are a cure for constipation.

Showed Her Teeth.

One of the last things people like to admit usually is that their teeth are not their own in the sense of not having grown in their mouths. A single member from a porcelain factory is not objectionable. The need of it might be caused by an accident or for a good many reasons, but when it comes to several and a plate, then the subject becomes a delicate one.

But there was a woman in the street cars the other day who apparently had a brand new set of teeth and she was strangely proud of them. She first attracted the attention of passengers by the smiles that she lavished upon them indiscriminately. Every smile brought the new teeth into view more prominently and the evidence that they were false and the people began to smile quietly themselves. But even then the woman was not sure that her new treasures were properly observed, and, drawing in her lower lip, she brought her upper teeth down upon it and tapped them carelessly with her finger, looking off into vacancy meanwhile with a conscious air of unconsciousness.—New York Times.

The Widow's Advantage.

Grimes—The chances are in favor of a widow marrying again against a single woman getting a husband.

Burns—That is because a widow is content to regard men as pretty much all alike, while a single woman wastes her time trying to find one who is different from all others.—Boston Transcript.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	8½
Standard		@	9
Burlaps	6	@	6½
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	14
Sides ℔ ℔		@	8½
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	8½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔		@	7¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	8
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 45
Second-hand machine		@	1 50
New New York, each		@	1 45
New City, each		@	1 45
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		@	25
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	6 75	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	20	@	25
Northern	25	@	30
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks		@	55
Virginia Meal		@	56
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	1 40
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	12	@	13
Dairy Cream	13½	@	14
State	11½	@	12
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	13	@	16
Rio	11	@	12
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5½
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 ℔s		@	70
EGGS—℔ dozen	8	@	12
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl.	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl.	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel		@	4 50
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel		@	8 25
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
" Extra	4 35	@	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—			
Low grade		@	3 25
Choice		@	3 75
Straight	3 90	@	4 00
First Patent		@	4 50
GLUE—℔ ℔	10½	@	11½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White		@	61
Car-load, in bgs—White		@	59
Oats, from store	35	@	36½
Oats, Rust Proof	40	@	42½
Cow Peas		@	1 00
HIDES—℔ ℔—			
Green salted		@	6½
Dry flint	10	@	12½
Dry salt		@	9
HAY ℔ 100 ℔s			
No 1 Timothy		@	1 00
Rice Straw	40	@	50
Eastern	90	@	1 00
Western	90	@	1 00
North River		@	90
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔		@	3¼
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	7¾	@	9
North Carolina	8	@	10
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 20
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	25
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	28	@	30
Porto Rico, in barrels	28	@	32½
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	15	@	25
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis		@	2 50
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess	13 50	@	14 00
Rump		@	14 50
Prime		@	13 00
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	1 25
Liverpool	90	@	95
American	85	@	90
On 125 ℔ Sacks		@	60
SHINGLES, 7-inch, per M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 60	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	2 75
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd		@	6⅝
Standard A		@	6¼
White Extra C		@	5¾
Extra C, Golden		@	5½
C Yellow		@	15½
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3¼	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	8 00	@	9 00
Common mill	4 00	@	5 00
Fair mill	5 00	@	6 00
Prime mill	6 50	@	7 50
Extra mill	8 00	@	9 00
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed			
℔ M 6x24 heart	4 25	@	5 00
" Sap	3 00	@	3 25
5x20 Heart	2 25	@	2 50
" Sap	1 60	@	1 75
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		@	
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon Northern	1 00	@	2 10

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Alimentary
ELIXIR
Is highly recommended as a remedy for lung diseases and as a preventive for typhoid, malarial and all kinds of fevers
Agents, E. Fougera & Co., New York

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Aug. 30.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market dull. Nothing doing.

ROSIN—Dull. Nothing doing.

TAR—Market quiet at $1.40 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market dull at $1.20 per barrel for hard, $2.20 for dip, and —— for virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine steady at 44½@44c; rosin firm at 90@95c; tar steady at $1.30; crude turpentine firm at ——. $2,60@2.60.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	98
Rosin	570
Tar	100
Crude turpentine	202

Receipts same day last year.—41 casks spirits turpentine, 121 bbls rosin, 181 bbls tar, 24 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 9c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	6 9-16	cts ℔ ℔
Good ordinary	7 15-16	" "
Low middling	8 9-16	" "
Middling	9	" "
Good middling	9 5-16	" "

Same day last year middling steady at 5⅞c.

Receipts—185 bales; same day last year, 694.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime, 70c. Extra prime, 75c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 77½@80c. Virginia—Prime 50c; extra prime, 55c; fancy, 60c.

CORN—Firm, 53 to 60 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—Lowland (tidewater) 85 cents; upland, 50@60 cents. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 11 to 12c per pound; shoulders, 7 to 8½c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five-inch hearts and saps, $2.25 to 3.25; six-inch, $4.00 to $5.00, seven-inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $3.50 to 10.00 per M.

LOCAL SECURITIES.

Quotations on local securities, furnished and regularly corrected by Hugh MacRae & Co.:

STOCKS.

	BID.	ASKED.
A. C. L. of Conn., 5 per ct. Certs	110¼	111¼
A. C. L. of Conn., stock	220	222
A. C. L. Common	73	76
A. C. L. preferred	102½	104
W. & W. 7 per ct Certs	144½	147
N. C. R. R.	160	165
Delgado Mills	99½	101
Wilmington Cotton Mills, pfd	110	115
Wilmington Gas Light Co	70	75
Carolina Insurance Co	105	107
Underwriters' Insurance Co	106	107
National Bank of Wilmington	120	...
Atlantic National Bank	200	...
Murchison National Bank	119	114
Wil. Savings & Trust Co	200	...
Blue Ridge National Bank	112	116
Warren Manufac'ing Co., preferred	100¾	102
Abbeville Cotton Mills	97	100
Southern Cotton Mills	95	98
Piedmont Manufacturing Co	180	183
Pacolet Manufacturing Co	250	255
F. W. Poe Manufacturing Co (old)	117	119½
Anderson Cotton Mills	123	127
Pelzer Manufacturing Co	180	185
Gaffney Manufacturing Co	120	123
Grendel Cotton Mills	101	103
Clifton Manufacturing Co	185	190
Orr Manufacturing Co	104	106
Odell Manufacturing Co	109½	112
McColl Manufacturing Co	120	123
Darlington Manufacturing Co	97	100
Bennettsville Manufacturing Co	110	112½
BONDS.		
N. C. 4's	105¾	106½
N. C. 6's	135	137
City Wilm. 5's, gold, 1922	110	112
City Wilm. 5's, 1919	100	...
City Wilm. 6's	100	...
Wilmington, gold 4's	99	101
Masonic Temple 1st 6's	105	...
Masonic Temple 2d 6's	...	100½
Wilmington Compress Co.'s 5's	85	...
A. C. L. 4's, certs	97	99
Wilmington & Weldon 5's	115½	117
Wilmington & Newbern 4's	101	102¼
N. H. County 5's, gold	100	103

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—Money on call steady at 1¼@1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at 485⅝ for demand and 484¼ for sixty days. Posted rates 485 and 488½. Commercial bills 483¼@483¾. Silver certificates 61¼@62¾. Bar silver 61¼. Mexican dollars 48¾. Government bonds weak. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds irregular. U. S. refunding 2's reg'd, 103½; U. S. refunding 2's, coupon, 103½; U. S. 2's, reg'd, —; U. S. 3's, reg'd, 109; do. coupon, 109; U. S. new 4's, reg'd, 133¾; do. coupon, 133¾; U. S. 4's, old reg'd 115; do coupon, 115; U. S. 5's, reg'd, 112½; do. coupon, 112½; Southern Railway 5's 108⅞. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 71¾c; Chesapeake & Ohio 27; Manhattan L 91⅞; N.Y. Central 129¾; Reading 17; do. 1st pref'd 57¼; St. Paul 113¾; do. pref'd 172; Southern Railway 11¼; do. pref'd 52; American Tobacco, 93¼; do. pref'd 128; People's Gas 95⅞; Sugar 120¼; do. pref'd 116; T. C. & Iron 70¼; U. S. Leather 10¾; do. preferred 68½; Western Union 79⅜.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—Rosin dull. Spirits turpentine quiet at 37@37½c.

CHARLESTON, Aug. 30.—Spirits turpentine—Nothing doing. Rosin quiet; no sales. Quotations unchanged.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 29.—Spirits turpentine firm at 35c; sales 1,015 casks; receipts 1,636 casks; exports 19 casks Rosin firm; sales 2,799 barrels; receipts 3,433 barrels; exports 2,125 barrels. Quotations: D and below $1 35; E, $1 40; F, $1 45; G, $1 50; H, $1 50; I, $1 55; K, $1 60; M, $1 65; N, $1 85; W G, $2 05; W W, $2 40.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, August 30.—The cotton market opened easy under a flurry of general selling, with prices down two to four points from the final bids of yesterday. The rest of the day dragged along wearily, prices sagging point after point under liquidation by tired bulls. The factors coming in to wield a dominating influence were unquestionably bearish. The public and private cables indicated nervousness among foreign bulls and lower prices in Liverpool under light general selling. The crop reports took a more cheerful tone. Receipts were unquestionably light, but that factor had been pretty throughly discounted. The speculative public was indifferent for the time being, the near by holidays serving to inspire caution among investors. Taking the market in its entirety the day was the least interesting in a time. The movement of the August option alone broke the monotony. The first sale was at 9c from which there was a sheer drop to 8.85 and a still later tumble to 8.75; five point rallies subsequently occurred. Business in the aggregate was light, however, and represented the final settlement of long standing accounts, spot cotton houses being the buyers. In the last hour a sudden scare of shorts carried prices up twelve points. The market closed steady with August nominally twenty-four points lower and other months unchanged to three points net higher.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—Cotton dull; middling uplands 9½c.

Cotton futures market closed steady; August 8.80, September 8.63, October 8.52, November 8.41, December 8.39, January 8.39, February 8.40, March 8.41, April 8.42, May 8.44, June 8.45.

Spot cotton closed dull; middling uplands 9½c; middling gulf 9⅞c; sales 600 bales.

Net receipts — bales; gross receipts 1,295 bales; exports to Great Britain 50 bales; stock 22,757 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 3,280 bales; exports to Great Britain 50 bales; stock 89,376 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 18,369 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,931 bales; exports to France 866 bales; exports to the Continent 3,356 bales.

Total since September 1st.—Net receipts 6,525,412 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,350,116 bales; exports to France 701,131 bales; exports to the Continent 2,711,082 bales.

Aug. 30.—Galveston, easy at 9 5 16c, net receipts 994 bales; Norfolk, firm at 9½c, net receipts 322 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 9¾c, net receipts — bales; Boston, quiet and steady at 9⅝c, no receipts; Wilmington, nothing doing, net receipts 185 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 9⅝c, net receipts — bales; Savannah, quiet at 9c, net receipts 1,521 bales; New Orleans, easy at 9½c, net receipts 181 bales; Mobile, nominal at 8½c, net receipts 3 bales; Memphis, steady at 9⅞c, net receipts 6 bales; Augusta, quiet and steady 9@9 1 16, net receipts 765 bales; Charleston, firm at 8⅞c, net receipts 74 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—Flour was at first firm and active, but the late break in wheat checked demand and the market was unsettled. Minnesota patents $4 10@4 35. Wheat—Spot steady; No 2 red 81⅞c. Options opened easier through disappointing cables, but acquired later strength on export demand, talk of lighter receipts, prospects for rain in the Northwest and a good speculative demand, partly for short account. They finally broke, however, through late realizing and closed weak at ⅜@½c net decline. No. 2 red May closed 84½c; December closed 81⅞c. Corn—Spot quiet; No 2, 46⅝c. Options opened easy with wheat and on favorable crop news. Then became strong on light country offerings and a scare among September shorts, but finally declined with wheat and closed ⅛@¼c net lower. May closed 41c; December closed 41⅛c. Oats—Spot steady; No. 2 25½c. Options dull but steadier. Lard steady; Western steam $7 07½; August $7 10, nominal; refined quiet. Pork dull. Petroleum dull. Butter steady; creamery 18@22c; State dairy 16@21. Cheese quiet; large white 10½c; small white 10c. Rice quiet. Eggs firm; State and Pennsylvania 16@18c at mark, for average lots; Western regular pack 11@15½. Potatoes quiet; Jerseys $1 25@1 75; Long Island $1 50@1 75; Jersey sweets $3 25@3 50. Cabbage dull; Long Island, per 100, $2 00@2 50. Freights to Liverpool—Cotton by steam 33d. Peanuts steady; fancy hand-picked 4c; other domestic grades 2½@4c. Cotton seed oil was neglected on both spot and forward delivery. Closing quotations were: Prime summer yellow 34½@35; off summer yellow 34½c; prime winter yellow 39c; prime white 38@38½; prime meal $26 00. Coffee—Spot Rio steady; No. 7 invoice 8⅝c; mild quiet; Cordova 9⅜@14. Sugar—Raw firm; fair refining 4¼c; centrifugal 96 test 4¾c; refined sugar strong; standard A $5 95; granulated $6 15.

CHICAGO, August 30.—Lower cables and a let-up in export business depressed wheat to-day, September closing ⅛@½c lower. September corn dropped 1c and September oats ½c. Provisions closed a shade to 5c higher.

CHICAGO, Aug. 30.—Cash quotations: Flour steady. Wheat—No. 2 spring —; No. 3 spring 70@74c; No. 2 red 75½c. Corn—No. 2, 40¾@41c. Oats—No. 2 22@22½c; No. 2 white 24½@25¼c; No. 3 white 23½@25½c. Pork, per barrel $11 00@11 05. Lard, per 100 lbs, $6 65@6 67½. Short rib sides, loose, $6 95@7 30. Dry salted shoulders, $6 62½@6 75. Short clear sides, boxed, $6 45@7 55. Whiskey—Distillers' finished goods, per gallon, $1 24½.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 August 74⅝ @74¾, 75⅛, 75⅛, 74⅛c; September 74⅝@74¾, 75⅛, 75½, 74⅝; October 75⅞@75⅛, 7⅜5, 75¾, 75⅛@75½c. Corn—No. 2 August 42, 42, 40⅞, 40⅜; September 40⅛, 40¼, 40, 40c; October 39@39¼, 40, 38⅝, 38⅞c. Oats—August 21⅛, 21⅛, 21⅜@21½, 21⅜@21½; September 21⅝, 21¾, 21⅜@21½, 21⅜ @21½c; October 22¼, 22¼, 21⅞@22, 22⅜@22c. Pork, per bbl—September $10 85, 11 02½, 10 85, 10 95; October $10 95, 11 12½, 10 95, 11 07½; January $11 05, 11 17½, 11 05, 11 15. Lard, per 100 lbs—September $6 62½, 6 70, 6 62½, 6 67½; October $6 67½, 6 75, 6 62½, 6 76¼; January $6 50, 6 57½, 6 50, 6 55. Short ribs, per 100 lbs—September $7 00, 7 07½, 7 00, 7 00; October $7 00, 7 02½, 7 00, 7 00; January $5 82½, 5 90, 5 82½, 5 90.

FOREIGN MARKET.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, August 30, 4 P. M.—Cotton—Spot, quiet; prices higher; American middling fair, 6 1-16d; good middling 5 25-32d; middling 5 23 32d; low middling 5 19 32d; good ordinary 5 3-16d; ordinary 4⅞d. The sales of the day were 4,000 bales, of which 400 were for speculation and export and included 3,500 American. Receipts 8,000 bales, including 7,000 bales American.

Futures opened quiet and closed quiet. American middling (l. m. c.) August 5 36-64d seller; August and September 5 13-64@5 14-64d seller; September and October 4 57-64@4 58-64d buyer; October and November 4 47 64@4 48-64d seller; November and December 4 42 64@4 43 64d seller; December and January 4 39-64@4 40 64d seller; January and February 4 37-64@4 38 64d seller; February and March 4 36 64d seller; March and April 4 35 64d seller; April and May 4 34-64d seller; May and June 4 33-64d buyer.

MARINE.

CLEARED.

Stmr A P Hurt, Robeson, Fayetteville, James Madden.

Schr Chas H Sprague, 212 tons, Gaul, New York, Harriss, Son & Co.

EXPORTS.

COASTWISE.

NEW YORK—Schooner Charles H Sprague—235,000 feet lumber by the Cape Fear Lumber Company; vessel by George Harriss, Son & Co.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., Aug. 31, 1900.

SCHOONERS.

Charles C Lister, 367 tons, Robinson, New York, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Lois V Chaples, 192 tons, Medero, New York, J T Riley.

BARQUES.

Ararat (Nor), 425 tons, Christiansen, Heide & Co.

Bianca Aspasia (Ital), 451 tons, Nizzi, J T Riley & Co.

BRIGS.

M C Haskell, 299 tons, Sawyer, Port-au-Spain, Trinidad, George Harriss, Son & Co.

BARGES.

Maria Dolores, Bonneau, Charleston'

Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co.

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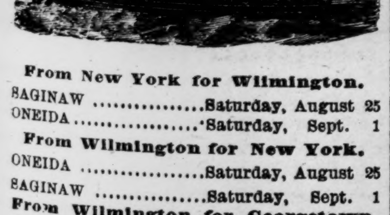
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ONEIDA .... Saturday, Sept. 1

From Wilmington for New York.
ONEIDA .... Saturday, August 25
SAGINAW .... Saturday, Sept. 1

From Wilmington for Georgetown.
SAGINAW .... Tuesday, August 28
ONEIDA .... Tuesday, Sept. 4

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ROUNDING UP THE HOGS IS LIVELY AND EXCITING WORK.

The Experience of One Rancher Who, Instead of Doing His Butchering Out In the Hills, Attempted to Drive His Hogs to Market.

While it is generally accounted that the sheep and Angora goat furnish most of the revenues to the rancher in the broken and wooded country south of the Staked plains and west of the Colorado river, it is nevertheless a fact that the razorback hog contributes a full share. Probably there is no country anywhere better adapted to the production of cheap pork. The hills are covered with cedar and a great variety of scrub oak trees, and the canyons and river valleys are heavily wooded with pecan and Spanish walnut, so that there is always an abundance of excellent mast, and it might be mentioned that the cedar berries are considered equal to corn in lard producing qualities.

With this sort of feed, which is always abundant, the expense of care and feeding is removed, the animals simply running at large over the country, so that the only outlay required is that of the first cost of a few head for a start. Running loose in this way they are not subject to the diseases common to the hog in the sty or feed lot, and, being excellent fighters, they hold their own with the wolves and other wild animals which prey on the sheep and goats. Thus they multiply very rapidly.

In order to get the benefit of the increase in his stock, however, it is necessary for the rancher to get his mark on the pigs. As this, owing to the roughness of the country and the wildness of the sows, is no small task, it is generally the custom for all the hog owners in a given section to turn out together with their dogs and practically "round up" the range.

Compared with one of these "hog hunts" a cattle "round up" is a quiet and commonplace affair. On the morning appointed the dogs are turned loose and started out on a hog trail, and the men ride after them just as on a wolf chase. As the pigs cannot hold out very long one of them is soon caught, and his squeals bring back the rest of the bunch to his aid. As soon as the pig is free the sows form a circle around the pigs, from which they now and then dash out at their tormentors and all the while grunting like the rattling of a hundred old wagons. By the time the uproar has reached its full height the hunters ride up and hiss the dogs on to seize the sows. When one is caught, two men go to the assistance of the dog, one with a club to beat off the other hogs, the other with a bit of rope to tie the one seized. When all of them have thus been put out of the way of fighting, the pigs are caught and marked. Then the sows are given their liberty, and the dogs start out on a new trail. When it happens that there are hogs belonging to several different men, the pigs are simply divided.

While the work of "marking" is more like sport than labor it is not less exciting than that of getting the hogs ready for market, for as it is impossible to drive them any distance—even to the corrals at the ranches—it is necessary simply to butcher them out in the hills.

So along in the early part of the winter, after the new mast has fallen and the hogs are as fat as they will get, the ranchers load their wagons with salt, grub, kettles and lard cans, take their dogs and Winchesters and strike out for the hills. They make camp near some spring or water hole and then begin the work of "killing," which includes the rendering of the lard and salting of the meat. It is like a great hunt. Whenever a wagon load of lard and meat has been put up it is taken to the nearest ranch and left there until the "killing" season is over; then it is loaded again and freighted to the nearest railroad point, where it is sold at the market price.

It is said that only one man in that country ever tried driving his hogs to market. That was "Uncle" Ben Pepper, who lives a few miles above Junction City, on the South Llano river. He had, he supposed, about 300 head of fat hogs, and the idea of that "killing" worried him. So he hired all the men in the country, got all the dogs in Kimble and Edwards counties and "rounded up" all the hogs to be found. It was, of course, impossible to keep the herd together, and as it scattered Ben ordered his men to separate a little and keep moving toward Kerrville.

At noon on the fourth day the line was within half a mile of the Guadaloupe river, the men were half a mile apart and every dog worn out. Then Ben decided that he would like to know how many hogs he had, as after passing the Guadaloupe it would be impossible to see them in the open again. So he ordered the ends of the line to swing in and close up toward the river. It was nearly sunset when the circle was completed, and he climbed into a tall pecan so as to get a better view of the hogs when they should come swarming out into the river. He watched intently until night was falling; then he saw a lean, old sow emerge from the bushes and go down to drink, and a moment later the drivers began coming out. He nearly fell out of the tree. He has never tried driving since.—Kansas City Journal.

Felt Competent.

Briggs—You don't know what you are talking about when you call me a donkey.

Diggs—I'd like to know why I don't. I once owned a donkey for three months.—Chicago News.

Horses were introduced into Egypt by the shepherd kings less than 1700 B. C. No horse figures appear on the early monuments of Egypt.

A woman's logic comes out even in her sharpening a pencil. She makes her point in such queer ways.—Philadelphia Times.

A Hopeless Case.

The Senior Partner—I guess we will have to give up trying to get that money from Sharpe.

The Junior Partner—Really?

"It looks that way. His office is in the second floor of his place, you know, and he threw our last collector out of the window, where the man fell through an awning, you remember."

"Yes."

"Now he sends a claim for the damage to the awning."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Laughed Till He Cried.

"Papa fell over my express wagon this morning," said Willie. "My, it was funny. I laughed till I cried."

"Did yer?" said Tommy.

"Yes," replied Willie. "Papa caught me laughing."—Philadelphia Record.

Athos, a small town on the coast of Macedonia, may not inaptly be termed "The Bachelors' Paradise," as no woman is to be seen anywhere in the place.

Alcohol was first distilled by the Arabians, and when we talk about coffee and alcohol we are using Arabic words.

THE BOOK COLLECTOR.

He Made a Swap Which Satisfied the Secondhand Dealer.

"It's astonishing how book collecting will blunt a man's conception of the rights of meum et tuum," said the proprietor of a delightful old secondhand store on the south side of the town. "I wouldn't trust a confirmed collector as far as I could throw Jackson square by the monument. They all consider themselves licensed privateers, and when one of them wants any particular volume and can't buy it the chances are it will mysteriously disappear the first time he pays you a visit. I am on to most of the tricks of the fraternity, however, and it takes a pretty smooth individual to secure any plunder in this shop.

"Only recently I circumvented an old gentleman in a manner that is apt to adhere to his memory for some time. He is a passionate admirer of Dickens and has a fine collection of early editions and books in general relating to the great novelist. One of his sets, a very handsome print with the original Cruikshank plates, is short one volume, the eighth. I have a copy of the same edition, and he has tried repeatedly to get me to break it so as to complete his own, but I have of course refused.

"Then I noticed that he began to drop in of afternoons with a book under his arm, looking up and down the shelves. The volume he carried bore a close external resemblance to the copy of Dickens he wanted, and I suspected at once that I would some day find them exchanged. Consequently I locked up the coveted volume 8 and substituted a worthless treatise on mathematics bound in the same manner. My visitor knew the exact location of the book on the shelf, and the other day I purposely gave him an opportunity to make the shift. It was done in a twinkling, and presently he strolled out. I haven't seen him since. The book he left was a very pretty copy of Keats. I am well satisfied with the swap."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Conquerors Conquered.

It is a remarkable and instructive fact that the career of four of the most renowned characters that ever lived closed with a violent or mournful death.

Alexander, after looking down from the dizzy heights of his ambition upon a conquered world and weeping that there were no more to conquer, died of intoxication in a scene of debauch, or, as some suppose, by poison mingled in his wine.

Hannibal, whose name carried terror to the heart of Rome itself, after having crossed the Alps and put to flight the armies of the mistress of the world, was driven from his country and died at last of poison administered by his own hands in a foreign land, unlamented and unwept.

Caesar, the conqueror of 800 cities, and his temples bound with chaplets dipped in the blood of a million of his foes, was miserably assassinated by those he considered his nearest friends.

Bonaparte, whose mandate kings and emperors obeyed, after filling the earth with the terror of his name, closed his days in lonely banishment upon a barren rock in the midst of the Atlantic ocean.

Such the four men who may be considered representatives of all whom the world calls great, and such their end—intoxication, or poison, suicide, murdered by friends, lonely exile!

Queer Sights Abroad.

When I was in Aix-les-Bains last summer, I saw a stout German woman sitting at another table eating from an enormous pile of plates. I thought at first she was carving or doing something of that kind, but as the meal progressed and the pile became no less I made inquiry and found out that she was extremely nearsighted, and the pile of plates—exactly 19 in number—was necessary to raise her food to a point where it would come within her range of vision. She was no less a personage than the Duchess of Sleswick-Holstein.

In Italy they do not use glass in the windows on account of the expense and replace it with wood or other material. In order to relieve the monotony, I suppose, they have a habit of painting household scenes on these blank spaces. In one window you will see an old chap reading his paper and in another a young miss doing up her hair. There are also other scenes of even more intimate family character, which I will leave to your imagination.

In Athens one day I went out to buy something or other, which, I remember, cost 5 drachmae. For it I tendered a 10 drachma note in payment, and in order to make change the storekeeper tore it neatly in two and returned one-half to me. Convenient, wasn't it?—New York Tribune.

GROCERIES.

CLOSE PRICES,
BEST QUALITY,
PROMPT
SHIPMENTS.

Send us your orders.

D. McEACHERN,
Wholesale Grocer.
204 and 206 North Water street.
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THE GROCERY TRADE

Will find our stocks and prices interesting. Correspondence solicited.

TRUCKERS.

We have Fine Ground Fish Scrap and High Grade Guanos for Lettuce Beds and all crops. See us before buying.

HALL & PEARSALL,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
au 22 tf Nutt and Mulberry streets.



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For Job Printing Press, Pulley and Hanger for main shaft; Counter-shaft, Pulley and Hangers. Second-hand, if in good condition, will do.

Apply to or address,

THE STAR,
Wilmington, N. C.

Mid-Summer Wearables Are In Demand.

Where to find such goods at prices to suit your purse is first to be considered.

A. D. BROWN
For this week makes
A SPECIAL OFFERING

of Figured French Organdies and Colored Piques. The original price of the Organdies was 35c; we offer them at 15c a yard. Colored Piques, 20c; now 12½c a yard.
25c Lawns for 15c. 15c Figured Organdies for 10c a yard.

White Goods.

The largest line of these goods in the city, consisting of French and English Nainsooks, Persian Lawns, Dimmities, India Linen, Victoria Lawn, Linen Lawn, Checked Nainsooks, Organdies and Piques.

Shade Department.

The latest, "Whitmore's Shade Bracket." The most convenient Bracket ever invented. Call and see how 'tis worked.
SOLE AGENT for "Her Majesty," "American Lady" and "Dowager" Corsets; also, Butterick's Patterns.
We carry the largest line of Mattings and Rugs in the city.

A. D. BROWN.

jy 1 tf

AT COST FOR TWO WEEKS.

I have got to move my immense stock of goods in my new building beginning September 15, and from now until then I will sell my goods at cost, beginning Monday morning, August 27. I have a very large stock and am disposed to turn it into money.

My best Summer Calicos at 3½c per yard.

Fruit of the Loom Sheeting, 1 yard wide, at 7c. Masonville Sheeting at 7c.

One yard white Sea Island Sheeting, 10 yards to each customer, at 4½c.

Three quarter wide Remnants in Sheeting at 2½c.

Best Simpson Mourning Prints at 4½c.

Good Val Lace at 10, 15, 18, 25c per yard.

Velvet Ribbon at reduced price. Fancy Ribbon almost half price.

One hundred Fine Corsets, odd sizes, at 50c.

Fine 25c best Rubber Combs at 19c; fine 10c, at 7c.

Hooks and Eyes at 1c. Spool Cotton at 1 and 2c. Chadwick six cord best Spool Cotton at 3c a spool, worth 5c. Best Writing Paper at 10c a pound. Fine Bond Linen Paper at 15c a pound. Good Ink at 3c a bottle. Pen Staffs at 1c each.

Children's Hose at 3c; full size at 5c; my best 10c Ladies' Hose at 8½c each.

One hundred and fifty rolls of Matting at cost by the roll. Matting I sold at 18c now 12½c.

Three hundred Trunks to close out.

Fifty rolls of Carpet at cost. Good Brussels Carpet for 36c per yard. My 65c Carpet 52c. My $1.25 fine Moquet Carpet at 80c. Ingrain Carpet, 22, 24, 29, 33, 38c; sold from 25 to 50c.

MEN'S CLOTHING.

I have a big stock. I will sell you a Man's Suit at $1.75, $1.98, $2.50, $3.50 and $5.00. Good Wool Boy's Suit for 69c; sold at $1.00. My $1.50 Suits for $1.19.

My Millinery Department is full of good things that I want to sell. I will sell extra nice 25c Sailors for 15c. One hundred fine new Shapes I sold at 25, 39 and 50c; now to close your choice at 15c each. Baby Caps at 9, 12½, 15, 18 and 25c.

We have a big stock of all classes of goods to sell, and we want to sell them.

SHOES, SHOES—We have about 3,500 pairs of Shoes to close out. I will save you from 25c to 50c a pair on your Shoe bill. We have any style Ladies' Shoes. Nice Dongola Shoes at 79, 95c, $1.15. We sold at $1.00, $1.25 and $1 50. Men's and Children's Shoes in the same proportions.

Come to see us and buy your goods at cost. The first time I ever advertised goods at cost in my life, and now this sale will last two weeks, and then I have got to move in my new store, just north of the postoffice. Come and bring this adv. and buy your goods for cash at the lowest possible cost, at

THE BIG RACKET STORE,

GEORGE O. GAYLORD, Proprietor.

au 26 tf Opposite The Orton, near the postoffice.

GO TO THE **Seashore Hotel,** WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH, N. C.

For the finest Bathing, Boating and Fishing along the Atlantic coast. Artesian Water. Music by Prof. Miller's Band, of Baltimore.

Rates for the balance of this season, any vacant room in the house, $10.00 per week. Half rates children and servants.

JOE H. HINTON, Manager,
Wilmington, N. C.

au 8 tf

This Way For Furniture.

This week's sale demonstrates to us, the people know where the stock and prices are at.
Our line was never better.

See our Iron Beds. You will have no other.
For Seashorers—We invite you to call, as we have the goods you are looking for.

Any kind of Mattresses made and renovated. Our Mattress Maker is the best in Wilmington.

The Sneed Co., Second & Market Sts.

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Interest.

Our next regular quarter begins September 1st.

Money deposited NOW, will begin to bear interest from that date, payable Dec. 1st.

No notice is required from depositors before withdrawing any part or all of their balances with us.

Can you use your money to better advantage than .... 4% on call?

Safety Deposit Boxes for rent. Prices $4.00 to $15.00 per year.

Wilmington Savings & Trust Co., 108 PRINCESS STREET.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President.
C. E. TAYLOR, Jr., Cashier.
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ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WE WANT YOUR BUSINESS AND WILL MAKE IT TO YOUR INTEREST TO DEAL WITH US.
PROMPTNESS, ACCURACY AND SAFETY GUARANTEED.
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CAPITAL, $125,000.00. SURPLUS, $100,000.00.
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au 25 tf **New York Correspondent, Chemical National Bank.**

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Limestone College, a high grade institution of learning, invites the patronage of the Southern people on the ground of its high standard, which is the equal of that of any college in the United States, whether for men or for women, its thorough instruction, which is given by a large and able Faculty, using university methods, and its persistent and successful endeavor to develop in its students the highest culture, combined with refinement of manners and elevation of character. The institution possesses a location unsurpassed for beauty and healthfulness in the entire South, buildings thoroughly equipped for college work, a splendid library, excellent laboratories, and all the material accessories of study. The college invites inspection of all these advantages. But the emphasis is laid upon the WORK DONE. Full literary, scientific, musical and artistic courses. Besides the degree of A. B., the degree of A. M. is given for advanced graduate work. THE WINNIE DAVIS SCHOOL OF HISTORY, endorsed by all the great leaders of the South, by the Legislature of South Carolina, the Legislature of Maryland, and the great Confederate Reunion at Louisville, gives elaborate instruction in Southern History and Southern Literature.

For further information, apply to Capt. H. P. Griffith, Senior Professor, or to the President.

LEE DAVIS LODGE, A. M., Ph. D.

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East Carolina Real Estate Agency.

R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N C

All classes of desirable Real Estate (city and country) bought and sold on Commission. Special attention to Farms and Timbered Lands.

We now offer the following valuable property:

Standing Timber

For sale, the timber on a tract of land near Bannermann's Bridge, North-East river, on tidewater. Over One Million feet of fine Cypress timber on this land.

Timbered Lands.

Two Hundred and Twenty-six acres on Roan's Island on Cape Fear river. Some valuable Cypress and Gum timber.

Eighty Acres Near Burgaw.

One 80-acre tract of Land within half mile of Burgaw. None cleared, but easily put in state of cultivation.

Valuable Farm near Greenville, N. C.

A Farm of 250 acres four miles from Greenville, one mile from House station on the Atlantic Coast Line. One hundred and eighty-five acres cleared and in fine state of cultivation. One nice two-story dwelling with six rooms. One cook room and kitchen. One office. One set two-story stables with eight stalls. Two barns. Two tobacco barns. One 16-horse power engine, gin house, gin, press, etc. All necessary machinery attached. All kinds of farming implements, including wagons, carts, tools, etc. Also, four mules and one horse. Will sell all together or the land separate.

Farm of 142 Acres

In Long Creek village, Pender county—25 acres cleared, balance well timbered. Four acres in strawberries, 2 acres in apple trees. Fine grape vine. Large two-story house. One good New Store House. All necessary out houses. Two tenant houses. Two miles from Montague, a station on Atlantic and Yadkin Railroad; sixteen miles from Wilmington. Fertile land, in a high state of cultivation. A bargain for somebody.

2,000 Acres of Land

In New Hanover county on navigable stream; borders tide water. Three clearings on place—one of 25 acres with house and outbuildings on same; two of 20 acres each; balance well timbered. Twelve miles from Wilmington. Four miles from Castle Hayne, a station on the W. & W. R. R. The nearest point of the land to the Newbern railroad is two miles.

House in Kenansville.

One valuable six-room house in Kenansville, Duplin county, N. C., just completed. Known as "Birchwood Cottage," with nice office on lot; also, garden and outbuildings. Located in a desirable part of the town. Kenansville is a pleasant town to live in—famed for its pure spring water and healthy locality. James Sprunt Institute, one of the best schools in the State, is located there.

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One-half mile from South Washington, on the W. & W. R. R., in Pender county. Borders on county roads. Very valuable for trucking.

Property in Burgaw.

Four good Building Lots in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-half acre each.

One neat three-room House in town of Burgaw, on lot consisting of one and one-half acres. All set out in strawberries except garden and yard.

A desirable building lot in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-fourth of an acre, fronting railroad, and it is a corner lot.

Farm at Burgaw.

A desirable farm at Burgaw. The residence and about one-third of the farm within the corporate limits of the town. About twenty acres cleared; six acres in strawberries; one acre in fruit trees and grape vines. All necessary outbuildings. A nice desirable six-room residence. Farm contains 100 acres.

Tobacco and Truck Farm

Containing 265 acres, four miles from Magnolia, N. C., in the great truck belt. About seventy acres cleared; thirty acres of black branch land well timbered with curly yellow pine. Fine meadow land and best range for hogs, sheep and cattle. Five-room dwelling, with barn, stables and other out-houses. Nearly a half-acre in prolific grape vines. Lot of apple and plum trees. Beautiful oak and hickory grove surrounds dwelling. Good water. Admirably adapted to tobacco culture, and now has eight acres in cultivation. Also, two tobacco barns. Fences and ditches in good condition.

A Nice Farm.

A desirable farm of one hundred and fifty acres. Fifty acres is within the corporate limits of the town of Burgaw, N. C. Twenty two acres cleared. There is one nice, new three-room cottage, painted and plastered. Large stables and barns. A tenant's house, and strawberry packing house. A well of very fine drinking water. A nice orchard of 500 young fruit trees, consisting of Japan plums, peaches, pears, apples and figs.

A Real Bargain.

A desirable farm of 272 acres, three miles east of Rose Hill. Fifty acres cleared and in good state of cultivation, balance well timbered. Four-room house on premises. In good neighborhood. Will exchange for desirable house and lot in Wilmington.

Farm Near Ashton.

One hundred and fifty acres two miles from Ashton, four miles from Burgaw. Four acres cleared, most of which is very fertile low land. Balance well timbered for farming purposes. Two tenant houses.

For terms, &c., address,
R. G. GRADY & CO.,
Burgaw, N. C.

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VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

Between New York, Tampa, Atlanta, New Orleans & Points South & West.

Schedule in Effect June 3rd, 1900.

TRAIN 41 Leaves Wilmington at 3:05 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:14 P. M., Pembroke 5:35 P. M., Maxton 6:06 P. M., Hamlet 7:05 P. M., Wadesboro 8:20 P. M., Monroe 9:20 P. M., Charlotte 10:20 P. M., Athens, Ga., 3:43 A. M., Atlanta 6:05 A. M.

Close connection at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all points in Texas, Mexico and California; also for Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, and Western and Northwestern points. Connects at Hamlet with train No. 27 for Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa and other Florida points; also with train 44 for Raleigh, Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore and New York. Other trains leave Hamlet as follows: Train No. 31 (Florida Limited) for Columbia and points South at 6:50 A. M. Train No. 403 for Monroe, Charlotte, Lincolnton, Shelby and Rutherfordton, Athens, Atlanta and all points southwest at 6 50 A. M. Train No. 38 for Raleigh, Norfolk and points North at 9:05 A. M. Train No. 66 for Raleigh, Richmond and points North at 9:20 A. M.

Through Pullman sleepers from Hamlet to all points North, South and Southwest.

TRAIN 38 Leaves Hamlet at 8:20 A. M., arrives Maxton 9:05 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 12.05 noon. This train takes passengers at Hamlet from train No. 31 (Florida Limited) leaving Richmond at 10:40 P. M. and arriving at Hamlet at 6:45 A. M.; from train No. 403 leaving Norfolk at 9:30 P. M., arriving at Hamlet at 7:10 A. M.; from train No. 38 leaving Atlanta at 9:00 P. M. and Charlotte at 5:45 A. M., arriving at Hamlet at 7:45 A. M.

Other trains arrive at Hamlet as follows: Train 402 from Atlanta, Rutherfordton, Shelby, Lincolnton, Charlotte and Monroe at 9:00 P. M.; train No. 41 from Portsmouth at 7:10 P. M.; train No. 27 from Richmond and points North at 10,27 P. M.; train No. 44 from Columbia and points South at 8.55 P. M., and train No. 66 from Columbia and points South at 9.00 A. M.

For tickets, sleepers, etc., apply to Thos. D. Meares, General Agent, Wilmington, N.C.

E. ST. JOHN,
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At Chadbourn, N. C.

The undersigned offers for sale parcels of land, from Town Lots to Farms, from three to twenty-six hundred acres, SIZES AND PRICES TO SUIT any and everybody. If you want to Truck come to Chadbourn, where we have the

Best of every kind of soil.

78 acres land two miles from Chadbourn. 20 acres cleared; new house; good well; barns; berry sheds; 5 acres strawberries; clay sub-soil. Price $1,200.00.

If interested at this station, call on or address

E. A. PERRY,
Chadbourn, N. C.

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DR. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY FOR THE BLOOD, LIVER, LUNGS.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE



Schedule in Effect July 22, 1900.

DEPARTURES FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.35 A. M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.10 A. M., Warsaw 11.24 A. M., Goldsboro 12.21 P. M., Wilson 1.18 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.48 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M., Weldon 4.32 P. M., Petersburg 6.28 P. M., Richmond 7.25 P. M., Norfolk 5.5 P. M., Washington 11.30 P. M., Baltimore 1.08 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.30 P. M., Warsaw 8.43 P. M., Goldsboro 9.37 P. M., Wilson 10.30 P. M., †Tarboro 6.46 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.15 P. M., Weldon 1.00 A. M., †Norfolk 10.25 A. M., Petersburg 2.37 A. M., Richmond 3.23 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 8.20 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M., New York 1.03 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.44 P. M., Chadbourn 5.25 P. M., Marion 6.20 P. M., Florence 7.10 P. M., Sumter 8.57 P. M., Columbia 10.20 P. M., Denmark 5.55 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M., Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M., Charleston 10.55 P. M., Savannah 1.50 A. M., Jacksonville 7.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.30 A. M., Tampa 10.00 P. M.

WEST BOUND.

DAILY 9.00 A. M. No. 53—Passenger—Due Fayetteville 12.05 P.M., leaves Fayetteville 12.25 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.43 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 6.00 P. M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.00 P. M., New York *9.30 P. M., Philadelphia 12.20 A. M., Baltimore 2.55 A. M., Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 9.48 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M., Rocky Mount 12.55 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.30 P. M., Warsaw 4.22 P. M., Magnolia 4.35 P. M.

DAILY 9.20 A. M. No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.00 A. M., Philadelphia 11.33 A. M., Baltimore 1.46 P. M., Washington 3.07 P. M., Richmond 6.50 P. M., Petersburg 7.33 P. M., †Norfolk 2.20 P. M., Weldon 9.05 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.25 A. M. Leave Wilson 5.57 A. M., Goldsboro 6.45 A. M., Warsaw 7.28 A. M., Magnolia 7.51 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.26 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.20 P. M. No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 7.00 A. M., Sanford 12.05 P. M., Jacksonville 8.30 P. M., Savannah 2.10 A. M., Charleston 6.48 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M. Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.24 P. M., Columbia 6.40 A. M., Sumter 8.05 P. M., Florence 9.50 A. M., Marion 10.39 A. M., Chadbourn 11.41 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.08 A. M.

EAST BOUND.

DAILY 6.40 A. M. No. 52—Passenger—Leave Sanford 2.30 P. M., arrive Fayetteville 3.41 P. M., leave Fayetteville 3.46 P. M.

‡Daily except Sunday.

Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8.05 A. M. Maxton 9.10 A. M., Red Springs 9.46 A. M., Hope Mills 10.32 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 10.55 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.40 P. M., Hope Mills 4.55 P. M., Red Springs 5.35 P. M., Maxton 6.15 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Connections at Fayetteville with No. 78, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train between Rocky Mount and Richmond leaves Rocky Mount 7.15 A. M., arrive Weldon 8.17 A. M., arrive Petersburg 10 18 A. M., arrives Richmond 11.10 A. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.17 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.08 P. M., Greenville 6.57 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.52 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. m., Weldon 11.33 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.10 A. M. and 2.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11 00 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7 50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.10 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Trains leave Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 A. M.; arrives Smithfield, N. C., 6.40 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 7.35 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 9.00 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.30 A. M., 3.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.20 A. M., 4.03 P. M., Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4.25 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.20 A. M., 4.55 P. M., Nashville 11.45 A. M.; 5.25 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 12.10 A. M. 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, daily, except Sunday, 11.40 A. M. and 4.25 P. M. Returning, leaves Clinton 6.45 A. M. and 2.50 P. M.

Train leaves Pee Dee 10.13 A. M., arrive Latta 10.31 A. M., Dillon 10.42 A. M., Rowland 10.58 A M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.00 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.20 P. M., Latta 6.35 P. M., Pee Dee 7.00 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Boardman at 3.00 P. M., Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Conway 7.40 P. M.; leave Conway 8.30 A M. Chadbourn 11.50 A. M.; arrive Boardman 12.25 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Sumter 5.35 P. M., Manning 6.04 P. M.; arrive Lane's 6.43 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.34 A. M., Manning 9.09 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.40 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9.30 A. M., 7.40 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 12.00 M., 9.00 P. M.; leave Georgetown 7.00 A. M.; 3.30 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.25 A. M.; 5.55 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.50 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M., Hartsville 9.15 P. M., Cheraw 11.30 A M., Wadesboro 12.35 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 7.55 P.M.; arrive Darlington 8.20 P. M., Bennettsville 9.17 P. M., Gibson 10.20 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.30 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.05 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.00 A. M. Bennettsville 7.00 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.00 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 4.10 P. M., Cheraw 5.15 P. M., Hartsville 7.00 A. M., Darlington 6.29 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington Sunday only at 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.59 P. M., 10.40 P. M., arrive Selma 2.48 P. M. 11.24 P. M., Smithfield 3.02 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M., Fayetteville 4.25 P. M., 12.19 A. M., Rowland 6.00 P. M., returning leave Rowland 10.58 A. M., Fayetteville 12.20 P. M., 9.41 P. M., Dunn 1.04 P. M., Smithfield 1.48 P. M. Selma 1.50 P. M., 10.54 P. M., arrive Wilson 2.35 P. M., 11.33 A. M.

Trains leave Sumter 4.05 A. M., Creston 4.54 A. M., arrive Denmark 5.55 A. M. Returning, leave Denmark 4.24 P. M., Creston 5.22 P. M., Sumter 6.10 P M. Daily.

Trains leave Creston 5.45 A. M., arrive Pregnalls 9.15 A. M. Returning, leave Pregnalls 10.00 A. M., arrive Creston 3.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Elliott 10.35 A. M., and arrive Lucknow 12.15 P. M. Returning, leave Lucknow 1.50 P. M., arrive Elliotts 3.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
my 27 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 9.



To Take Effect Tuesday, Aug. 8, 1899, at 9 A. M.

GOING EAST. 3 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	GOING EAST. 3 Pass'g'r Trains Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. 4 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	GOING WEST. 4 Pass'g'r Trains Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
....	3 40	Goldsboro........	11 05	....
....	4 32	Kinston........	10 12	....
5 40	5 50	Newbern........	8 37	9 00
7 02	7 07	Morehead City.	7 22	7 27
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.35 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

aug 6 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't.

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

BIG G — CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, AUGUST 31.

PENDING CHINESE PROBLEM.

Correspondence With Russia Regarding the Action of the Admirals Concerning Li Hung Chang.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 30.—The course of the United States in the pending Chinese negotiations was made more clear to day by an important note, embodying a communication from Russia and advising the powers of the action taken by this government. The Russian note declared the interdiction of Li Hung Chang's communication with the Chinese as "inexplicable," and asked that the powers direct their commanders to vacate the order.

The United States concurs with the position of Russia, and informs the powers that instructions have been sent to our representative in China in the spirit of the Russian note. Following is the official text of the communication:

"*Department of State, Washington, D. C., August 24.*—The following note was received by us from the Charge of the Russian government at this capital August 17th:

"'I have just received a communication from the Imperial government informing me of the resolution of the admirals of the allied fleets interdicting the plenipotentiary of the Chinese government, Li Hung Chang, from all communication with the Chinese authorities in the event of his arrival at Taku.

"'This resolution being inexplicable, in view of the fact that all the powers have recognized the utility of admitting his (Li Hung Chang's) services, in the eventual negotiations for peace, and especially because it would be impossible for him to fulfill his mission in the character of Chinese plenipotentiary if this were done, it would be desirable that the interested governments should give orders to countermand the above mentioned decision.'

"Inquiry of Admiral Remey, commanding our fleet at Taku, was first answered, that no such resolution had been adopted. He now cables that the admirals have agreed to write the dean of the legations in Pekin instructions in case Li Hung Chang should arrive at Taku, and meantime not to allow him to communicate with Chinese shore authorities. Remey dissented from the last proposition.

"We take the same view expressed in the Russian note. In the interest of peace and an effective presentation of the just demands of all powers against China, it seems important that the Chinese plenipotentiary should be able to communicate both with his own government and its military commandant, whose action will be necessary to any suspension of hostilities, as required in my telegram to you of the 22nd. Chinese minister here is without powers or advices. Li Hung Chang is prima facie authorized by imperial decree to negotiate and is the only representative of responsible authority in China so far as we are advised. We have instructed our representative in China in the spirit of the Russian note.

"Any misunderstanding or divergent action on the subject by the representatives of the powers in China would be unfortunate, and we would be glad to learn from other powers if there are reasons, not known to us, which in their judgment should lead to a view different from that which we take.

"You will communicate this to the minister of foreign affairs. Awaiting early response.

(Signed) "ADEE, Acting."

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

Supreme Lodge Settled the Question of Rotation in Office—Election of Supreme Chancellor.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

DETROIT, MICH., August 30.—The Supreme Lodge Knights of Pythias to day settled the question of whether rotation in office should be continued or the supreme officers re-elected for a second term. The test was the vote on the election of supreme chancellor. There were two candidates, Thomas G. Sample, of Pennsylvania, the present supreme chancellor, and Ogden H. Fethers, of Janesville, Wisconsin, supreme vice Chancellor. There were seventeen seconding speeches made for Fethers; the Sample contingent were content to rest with the nominating address. The first ballot resulted in the election of Fethers, 88 to 59. Contrary to the usual custom, the election was not made unanimous, no motion being made to that effect.

San Francisco was selected for the next biennial gathering by acclamation.

FIRE INSURANCE AGENTS.

Two Hundred Delegates Present at the Convention in Milwaukee.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MILWAUKEE, WIS., August 30.—The fifth annual convention of the National Association of Local Fire Insurance Agents met here to day. Two hundred delegates were present.

E. W. Wilson, of Utah, introduced a resolution that the national association request of the presidents of each State association a complete list of all fire companies offering or writing business at cut rates, the list to be furnished on the first day of October, January, April and July of each year, and that the same be published and sent to all members.

The resolution was greeted with applause and referred to the committee on resolutions without debate.

THE NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Result of Base Ball Games Played Yesterday by the Clubs.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Pittsburg—Pittsburg 11, St. Louis 3.
Boston—Boston 2, New York 5.
Brooklyn—Brooklyn 14, Philadelphia 3.
Chicago—Chicago 3, Cincinnati 3 (thirteen innings, darkness).

TO CLEANSE THE SYSTEM

Effectually yet gently, when costive or bilious, to permanently overcome habitual constipation, to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds or fevers, use Syrup of Figs, made by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

NEGOTIATING WITH THE POWERS

United States Working for Cessation of Hostilities and Re-establishment of Order

IN THE CHINESE EMPIRE.

For the Moment Finds Itself Side by Side With Russia--The Replies from Other Powers Vague and Very Unsatisfactory.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—The United States government, having acted upon the Russian proposition as to the withdrawal of troops from Pekin, is now quietly awaiting for responses to the notes which have been sent to our various representatives abroad for presentation to the powers. Several days and perhaps a week may pass before all of these replies are received. According to their formal expressions, all of the powers are agreed upon this one point: they do not desire to enter upon a formal war with China. The United States government is trying to bring about this result. For the moment it finds itself side by side with Russia, whose earnestness cannot be questioned at this time. The object now in view is to bring about a situation in China that will admit of the beginning of negotiations looking to the re-establishment of order, the cessation of hostilities and the insurance of protection to foreign life and property. After that the negotiations may touch upon other questions that remain to be settled. It is with this object that Russia has suggested the withdrawal from Pekin, in order that the Chinese government may resume the reins of power, for the Chinese people, being guided by externals, are not likely to yield fealty to a government not in possession of its own capital. The United States government has been earnestly championing the cause of Li Hung Chang from a precisely similar motive, namely a desire speedily to rehabilitate the Chinese government in order that it may carry out its express desire to settle the difficulties which have arisen. In responding to the Russian note as it did the United States government availed itself of the opportunity of directly inviting the remaining powers to indicate how, in their judgment, peace negotiations could be instituted. This notice is calculated to secure a full disclosure of the intentions of the powers, if the inquiry is met by them in the frank spirit in which it was conceived by the United States government. The difficulty apprehended now in reaching a settlement lies in international delay and procrastination on the part of any power which is concealing its true purpose and does not desire to avoid a formal war.

State Department Embarrassed.

The State Department is already embarrassed by delays experienced in securing responses to its note challenging the production of objections to Li Hung Chang. It appears that much confusion exists at Taku as to what actually had been decided upon respecting the treatment of Li Hung Chang should he arrive at that place en route to Pekin. The reports of the naval commanders to their home governments rather increased the confusion in an international sense. Admiral Remey found it difficult to sift out the facts in Taku.

Now the State Department finds the replies so far received from Europe vague and unsatisfactory from the fact that the various governments appear to have different understandings as to the actual conditions at Taku. It could not be learned from whom the replies were received and which were missing, but it can be stated that at present the question as to the acceptability of Earl Li as an envoy and his freedom from interference remain unsettled. The advance of the Russian proposition may reduce the chance of the other question, for with the return of the Chinese government to Pekin the smaller matter of the personalities of the envoys and the sufficiency of credentials could be speedily adjusted. Altogether the opinion, among the members of the administration here is that the Russian move has made directly for an earlier settlement of the Chinese difficulties than seemed possible a few days ago.

A Favorable Indication.

Secretary Root, in speaking to day of the statement in the Conger dispatch saying that Prince Ching was coming to Pekin, said that it was a favorable indication. Prince Ching is friendly to foreigners and among the most progressive of the Chinese officials. It was also stated that conditions seemed to be improved. So far no orders have been issued directing the return of the United States troops from China, or their removal from Pekin to Tien Tsin or to any other point on the sea coast. It is still the policy of the United States, as expressed in the note of July, to secure order in China. If there should appear in Pekin members of the Chinese government who were duly authorized to organize a government, and to do so with the prospect of restoring order throughout the empire, it would be considered as a movement on the part of China towards carrying out the demands of the United States. This government might then consider the advisability of withdrawing troops from the capital, especially if this action would tend toward the pacification of China.

Japan's Disclaimer.

The action of the Japanese government in withdrawing from Amoy the troops or marines which have aroused the suspicion of the European powers has done much to clarify the situation. By this disclaimer of a purpose to seize Chinese territory Japan has avoided entering a wedge which might result in the splitting up of the Chinese Empire among the powers. It now remains for Russia to take similar action as to the Russian forces at New Chwang, and from the private intimation that has been conveyed to the State Department, Russia has assured us that this occupation has been purely military and temporary.

Japanese at Amoy.

WASHINGTON, August 30.—A telegram has been received at the Japanese legation to the effect that having been informed by the Japanese consul at Amoy that he has been assured by the Chinese authorities of their readiness to afford full protection to the foreign residents and their property at that post, the Japanese government have already considered the withdrawal of the marines detailed to protect the Japanese property in the native town and are prepared to withdraw the rest of the marines as soon as they are satisfied that the peace and order of the port are assured.

Advices from Conger.

WASHINGTON, August 30.—The State Department makes public the following cablegram from Minister Conger received this morning through the United States consul at Che Foo:

"Secretary of State, Washington—More Russian, German, French and Italian troops arriving. Imperial palace will be entered August 28th. Military promenade of all nations made through it, afterwards closed and guarded. Prince Ching is expected in a few days."

RELIEF OF BESIEGED FOREIGNERS IN PEKIN.

Arrival of International Forces—Story of the Siege—A Memorable Celebration—Great Rejoicing.

[Special Berlin Letter, Copyrighted 1900 by the Associated Press.]

BERLIN, August 14, by post via Tien Tsin—A medal will be struck commemorating the siege of Pekin. It will bear the legend, "Men, not walls, make a city."

In the grounds of the British legation, where a handful of men withstood the millions of the Chinese capital for fifty six days, a memorable celebration is in progress to night in vindication of that principle. Missionaries, assembled about the Bell Tower, are singing the doxology. Rockets are blazing. Soldiers and civilians of all nationalties are fraternizing. The women are applauding the sound of the cannon that are smashing the yellow roofs of the Forbidden City. The tired Sikhs are planting their tents on the lawn and the American and Russian contingents are lighting camp fires along the stretch of turf extending beyond the Tartar wall.

Through the ruins of the foreign settlements an eager, cosmopolitan crowd is jostling Indians, Cossacks, legation ladies, diplomats, Americans from the Philippines, and French disciplinarians from Saigon, who kept discreetly to the rear while the fighting was in progress, but came conspicuously to the front when looting began. Only the Japanese who have earned the first place are absent.

Resident foreigners welcome the luxury of walking about and the immunity from bullets. The newcomers are anxious to inspect the evidences of an historic defence. These barricades are, after all, the most wonderful sight in Pekin. The barriers hedging the British legation are a marvel of stone and brick walls and earthworks. Sand bags shield every foot of space. The tops of the walls have niches for the riflemen, and the buildings, at their porticoes and windows, have armor boxes, bags stuffed with dirt, and pillows too.

Back of the United States legation is a work named "Fort Myers," which the marines held, completely screening both sides of the walls, with steps leading to it. There is a loophole in the barrier across the wall which faces a similar Chinese work a few yards away. Another wall bars Legation street in front of the German legation and, confronting the enemy's barricades within those limits, are yet more walls, enabling the foreigners to contract the area of defence if pressed.

The tops of the American and British buildings were badly torn by the Chinese shells. The rest of the foreign settlement was almost demolished. Two thousand and eight hundred shells fell there during the first three weeks of the bombardment, four hundred in one day. Bucketsful of bullets were gathered in the grounds.

Four hundred and fourteen people lived in the compound through the greater part of the siege. Three hundred and four marines, assisted by eighty-five volunteers, commanded by the English Captain Poole, defended the place. Eleven civilians were killed and nineteen wounded. Fifty-four marines and sailors were killed and one hundred and twelve wounded. The Americans lost seven killed and eleven wounded. Mr. Gilbert Reid, who was wounded in the feet, was the only American civilian injured. Two foreign ladies were wounded.

The reception which the survivors gave the army was worth the hardships the troops had undergone. The entrance was not spectacular. Sir Alfred Gaselee, with his staff and a company of Sikhs waded up a bed of sewerage in the canal under the Tartar wall. The besieged removed the barricades and when the gates swung inward and the British colors appeared, there arose a great continuous cheer on both sides.

Generals, soldiers and correspondents scrambled up the banks through the filth, elbowing to the front. Men and women surrounded the rescuers and shook the hands of the Sikhis, hitting them on the back. Everybody was hustled excitedly along into the legation grounds where the colors were planted. The soldiers surrounded the wall which had been the salvation of the besieged. The ministers and officers demanded the latest news on both sides.

And afterward General Chaffee, riding at the head of the Fourteenth United States infantry, marched to the Tartar wall. An American marine who was on top of the wall shouted, "You are just in time. We need you in our business."

"Where can we get in?" said General Chaffee. "There at the canal. The British entered there two hours ago," was the response. The American general looked disappointed.

Although the Americans entered behind the last of the British forces, their reception was just as enthusiastic as if they had been first. When the stars and stripes emerged into view Mr. Tewksbury, the missionary, cried: "Americans, cheer your flag!" Ladies waved their handkerchiefs and the soldiers cheered the ladies.

On entering the grounds of the British legation the American troops stared in amazement and inquired if there was a lawn party in progress. They had expected to find the relieved in a worse condition than themselves, whereas the contrast between the appearance of the rescued and the rescuers was surprisingly in favor of the former. The British minister, Sir Claude McDonald, was shaven and dressed in immaculate tennis flannels. Mr. Conger, the United States minister, was equally presentable. The assemblage of ladies was fresh and bright in Summer clothing. Only a few civilians were carrying arms.

On the other hand, the rescuers were haggard and rough-bearded. They dragged themselves along as if ready to drop, their khahki uniforms dripping with perspiration and black with mud. But a second glance showed that the rescued were pathetically pale and thin. They looked like a company of invalids. Every part of the enclosures testified to their tragic experiences. There was a plot of new graves, headed with wooden crosses, including the graves of five children. The second secretary's house was the hospital and was filled with the injured. French nuns ministered there at one time. All but four men of the Japanese contingent had been in the hospital, wounded.

There were several caves, roofed with timbers, heaped over with earth, which served as bomb proofs. The bulletin board was covered with significant notices. For instance: "As there is likely to be a severe dropping fire to-day, women and children are forbidden to walk about the grounds."

Here is another: "Owing to the small supply of vegetables and eggs, the market will be open only from 9 to 1 hereafter. All horse meat is inspected by a physician."

Read the advertisement of the East Carolina Real Estate Agency in this issue of the STAR. It offers for sale some very valuable farms. †

THE OUTLOOK FOR THE COTTON CROP

Estimates of the Commissioners of Agriculture of the Cotton States.

TOTAL CROP OF 9,360,500 BALES

Proceedings in the Convention at Raleigh. The Fertilizer Question—Prof. McCandless' Address Applauded and Adopted

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RALEIGH, N. C., August 30.—The Cotton States Convention of commissioners of agriculture, at their session this morning, issued the following as their estimate as to the cotton crop of 1900:

"Based upon reliable information from all sources from each of the cotton States and Territories and taking into consideration the condition of the cotton crop, we are led to believe that the following will be the output of the crop for the season of 1900-1901: Alabama, 821,000 bales; Arkansas, 809,000; Florida, 30,000; Georgia, 1,025,000; Indian Territory, 210,000; Louisiana, 603,000; Mississippi, 843,000; Missouri, 30,000; Tennessee, 285,000; North Carolina, 495,000; Oklahoma, 100,000; South Carolina, 801,000; Texas, 3,300,000; Virginia, 13,000; other sources, 500. Making a total of 9,360,500 bales.

"This statement, however, is subject to the weather conditions for the month of September and also killing frosts later on. This estimate is given out as being the opinion of this association."

The special report of the committee on fertilizer brands, which was discussed yesterday, was further discussed this morning.

Dr. George T. Winston, president of the A. & M. College of this city, made a most excellent address on the "Education of the Farmer." He spoke of the great improvements made in agriculture since 1860. It showed that the farmers of this State are making intelligent and systematic progress. Dr. Winston spoke in a most happy vein, and delighted his hearers, at the same time imparting much valuable information.

At the conclusion of Dr. Winston's address, Professor J. F. Dugger, of Alabama, discussed in a most excellent manner, "Leguminous crops for forage, grazing and soil improvements, and how to grow them."

The association was much impressed with the accounts of various experiments which he recited and which, if followed, will result in much pecuniary benefit to the agricultural classes.

Afternoon Session.

The afternoon session was taken up with a lecture by Professor W. F. Massey, on "Grasses for Forage;" and a lecture by Professor Herman, of the Weather Bureau at Raleigh, on "The Weather Bureau."

The original question as to the adoption of the Fertilizer Committee's report took up some discussion, but the report was finally adopted as written. This report provides that the fertilizer manufacturers shall disclose to the commissioners the source of all the plant foods in their product.

The paper on "How do Farmers buy Fertilizers," by Professor McCandless, of Georgia, has aroused more interest than any paper thus far read. Speaking of the means for educating Southern farmers, he said that the sending of money to "teach heathen Chinese how to butcher Americans, should cease," and the money should be given to education. He denominated such use of money as "wicked." He also urged the passage of a law devoting the educational tax paid by whites to the education of whites, and that by negroes to the education of negroes.

His remarks were vociferously cheered, and his paper was adopted and ordered to be spread upon the records of the meeting.

NEW ENGLAND COTTON MILLS.

A General Reduction in Wages of Operatives Contemplated.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BOSTON, MASS., August 30.—A statement was sent out from Clinton to-day that a general wage reduction in New England cotton mills is contemplated. The report could not be verified here. A reduction in wages is under consideration in Fall River, but as yet no decision has been positively announced, though treasurers representing 1,000,000 spindles have agreed to a reduction plan. Should wages be reduced in that city it is thought many manufacturers elsewhere may take up the wage question, but as far as can be learned here, no action has yet been decided upon.

Opponents of the plan claim that while there is no demand for goods, a reduction of wages cannot solve the market problem which confronts mill men to-day. Curtailment of production is the only means of relieving the market and creating a demand.

SWEDISH GOVERNMENT

Wants to Place a Loan of Ten Millions in This Country.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 30.—Albert H. Wiggin, vice president of the National Park Bank, said to-day that it was true that the bank had been approached by representatives of the Swedish government with inquiries as to the chance of placing a $10,000,000 loan in this country at 98 to bear 4 per cent. interest for ten years and three and a half for ten years. Mr. Wiggin said he was not prepared to say yet whether the proposition had been favorably received.

The battleship Alabama made the run from Boston to the Delaware Capes in twenty-eight hours, maintaining an average speed of sixteen knots, which is her contract speed. From Nantucket Shoals lightship, in a run of 15½ hours, the ship averaged 16.26 knots, without being pushed or having special preparations made for the run.

A Monster Devil Fish

Destroying its victim is a type of constipation. The power of this murderous malady is felt on organs and nerves and muscles and brain. There is no health till it is overcome. But Dr. King's New Life Pills are a safe and certain cure. Best in the world for Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels. Only 25 cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency has excellent facilities for selling farms and timbered lands. It advertises all property and makes only a nominal charge unless a sale is made. For terms etc., address R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw N. C.

CORBETT WON THE FIGHT IN THE FIFTH ROUND.

Declared to Be the Cleverest Exhibition Ever Witnessed in the Ring--McCoy Was in Good Shape.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 30.—The long promised and long looked for meeting between James J. Corbett and Charles (Kid) McCoy, under the auspices of the Twentieth Century Club at Madison Square Garden is over and in less than five rounds Corbett proved himself to be the better man. That Corbett and McCoy are the cleverest exponents of the art of self defence among the present generation of the heavy weights goes without saying, and keen judges of the game who saw to-night's fight declare that it was the cleverest exhibition ever witnessed in the ring. Up to the very moment that the men stepped into the square direct opinions as to their respective ability were widely divergent. Many claimed, and rightly, too, that Corbett would prove to be the stronger as well as the cleverer, and it was through his superb feinting and heavy slugging that he put McCoy down and out. While McCoy landed some stinging jabs, he did not cut Corbett's skin nor did he land a single heavy right-hand blow during the contest. On the other hand, Corbett, when he dropped science and began to slug, landed hard rights and lefts, which simply took McCoy's guard away, and when Corbett found a vulnerable spot in the region of McCoy's heart two lefts divided by a right ended the battle.

Both men entered the ring in superb condition, McCoy was heavier by several pounds than on any previous occasion, when he battled against other opponents. He said himself that he never felt better in his life and that he was never so fit as he was for this contest. His looks in the ring before the fight and during the first three rounds, bore out all that McCoy had said about himself. Corbett was also in tip-top shape.

After the men had retired to the dressing rooms Referee Charley White, when asked his opinion of the fight, said:

"It was one of the fastest and cleverest I have ever seen. Corbett and McCoy are the two cleverest men in the ring to-day, and Corbett won by superior feinting and slugging. I did not like Jim in the first round, as he was too nervous. And McCoy was out-pointing him, but after they came up for the second round Jim was more composed and from that point until he delivered the finishing blow, he proved himself to be the better man. The work of both men was wonderfully clever and full bore out all that has been said of them for some years past. Any one, no matter how big or strong, would have gone down from those last three blows that Corbett landed, as they were fully of strength and were planted in the proper spot." Neither man, when he returned to his dressing room, showed any marks on face or body.

McCoy's face wore a gloomy expression as he sat in his room dressing. When spoken to he said curtly:

"Oh I don't want to talk. What's the use? I was whipped. I thought he was so easy in the first two rounds that I grew careless and he got home the punches."

The men battled for 50 per cent. of the gross receipts which was to be divided—75 per cent. to the winner and 25 per cent. to the loser. It is estimated that there was about $50,000 in the house, so that Corbett will receive in the neighborhood of $18,000, and McCoy about $6,000.

The Fight by Rounds.

Round 1—Just before the men began Referee White cautioned the seconds that if any of them entered the ring they would be arrested. Corbett started feinting, with McCoy breaking. McCoy tried with the left but missed. Corbett feinted with the left but stepped back. McCoy tried a right swing but fell short. Corbett tried with his left for the head but McCoy threw it off. Corbett after a spell, tried another left but was stopped. Both feinted cleverly and Corbett tried another left. McCoy rushed with both hands but Corbett stepped back, breaking ground three times. Corbett tried left swing but was cleverly blocked and McCoy made him break ground in trying left for the head. Neither landed a blow during the round, the bell finding them sparring in the middle of the ring.

Round 2—The cleverness displayed by the men was beautiful. As they met in the centre in this round McCoy was the aggressor, but both he and Corbett failed to land. McCoy sent two left jabs to Corbett's mouth. Jim attempted a right hook for the head, but McCoy blocked nicely. McCoy rushed, but Jim side-stepped. McCoy landed a left on the ear and at close quarters put his left to the body and Jim put his right to the ear and face. They clinched and in the breakaway Corbett missed twice. Corbett sent his left to the neck and crossed his right to the mouth. Again the bell found them sparring in the ring.

Round 3—Both feinted for a few seconds and then Corbett sent his left for the body, but was blocked. McCoy tried a left swing, but Jim got away safely. Corbett essayed a left swing for the body, but McCoy blocked. Corbett rushed in, but McCoy clinched and the referee separated them. Jim tried a right for the jaw, but McCoy ducked. They came together in another clinch, McCoy's elbow going to Corbett's chest, and McCoy was cautioned by the referee. McCoy was now on the defensive and blocked a left upper cut. McCoy led left to face and Jim countered. Both landed left swings on the mouth. Corbett dropped his science for a moment and began walloping without landing, as the Kid's blocking was perfect.

Round 4—Both came up quickly at the sound of the bell, Corbett being the aggressor. McCoy broke ground frequently, going backwards. Corbett landed a left on the face but the Kid broke away when Jim tried left and right swings. Jim kept following, trying left swings, and they came to a clinch twice. Corbett rushed and the Kid landed left on the ear. Corbett rushed again, driving the Kid across the ring, swinging his right and uppercutting with his left. McCoy kept ducking but Corbett got to him with both hands. Corbett jabbed two lefts in the face and kept after his man, battering down McCoy's defence. McCoy clinched frequently and both showed signs of weariness when they went to their corners.

Round 5.—The Kid stepped in with a left to the face. He tried a right swing but missed. McCoy rushed again, but Jim put right and left to the head. Jim tried left for the head, but they clinched and broke at the referee's bidding. McCoy was now in Jim's corner and Jim tried a left swing under which the Kid ducked. Jim jabbed his left to the face. McCoy got into Corbett's corner. Corbett smothered McCoy with rights and lefts on the body and head. McCoy was then unable to defend himself and simply crossed his arms over his face. Corbett then seeing that he had McCoy at his mercy drove a hard left to the stomach, which doubled McCoy in two, McCoy holding on to Jim's left glove. Jim then planted a hard right over the heart which sent McCoy staggering, and Corbett following quickly, sent another left to the same spot and McCoy went to the floor. While the referee was counting the ten seconds McCoy struggled to regain his feet but he was counted out before he could stand up.

White had counted him out before the Kid got up and he did not seem to realize that he had been counted out, the referee having to tell him to go to his corner. McCoy left the ring within a minute after he was counted out, while Corbett was detained by his friends, who surrounded him and smothered him with congratulations. The time of the fifth round was two minutes and three seconds.

SOUTH CAROLINA PRIMARIES.

McSweeney Leads in the Race for Governor by About 3,000 Over Hoyt. Second Primary to Be Held.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBIA, S. C., August 30.—On the returns from about 76,000 votes and with four or five thousand to hear from, Governor McSweeney leads in the race for Governor by about 3,000 votes, over Colonel James A. Hoyt, the Prohibition candidate. It is expected that all returns from yesterday's primary will be in by to-morrow night. Senator Tillman, with no opposition, returns to the United States Senate. He is running considerably behind his ticket.

State Treasurer Timmerman and J. H. Jennings, a one-armed Confederate, are running a neck and neck race. Jennings got majorities in most of the counties, but Charleston gave Timmerman a lead of 3,000. The result will probably not be known till the official count. Colonel James Tillman, a nephew of the Senator, is doubtless the next highest man for Lieutenant Governor. There were five running and the vote was very much split up. Tillman and Colonel John T. Sloan, of Columbia, will run over, with the chances in favor of Tillman.

W. D. Evans and J. L. Whorton will run over for railroad commissioners.

Joseph Johnson defeats Stanyarne Wilson for re-election to Congress by more than 2,000.

In the Sixth district a new man also has a chance. Lieutenant Governor Scarborough, a young lawyer, is a few votes ahead of Congressman James Norton. As there is a third man in the field—J. E. Ellerbe—who has drawn more than three thousand votes, none can have a majority, so the two highest will contest again next Tuesday week, in the second primary.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVORERS.

Returning Tourists Tell Harrowing Stories of Their Experiences Abroad.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 30.—Many of the four hundred and twenty Christian Endeavorers who reached this port from Europe yesterday on the North German Lloyd steamer Aller, are unable to proceed to their homes for lack of funds. Neither had many of the four hundred and twenty any baggage when they arrived, lacking even a change of linen. They tell harrowing stories of their experience abroad. They report the continent of Europe to be dotted with ill-used Christian Endeavor tourists.

PLAGUE AT GLASGOW.

Eleven Persons Suffering With Disease. Five Others Have Symptoms.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

GLASGOW, SCOTLAND, August 30.—Eleven persons are now suffering from bubonic plague here and five others have symptoms of the plague.

The post mortem examination of the body of the person who died from the plague, August 27th, establishes the disease as bubonic plague. This has been officially announced. The foreign consuls are in communication with the medical authorities and all Glasgow ships may be quarantined.

WARM WIRELETS.

According to the London *Daily Mail* an order was placed at New Castle yesterday for 70,000 tons of American coal for the Mediterranean.

Former Senator Gorman, on his way home to Maryland from his vacation, had a short conference with Messrs. Croker and Murphy. He said he expected to take active part in the campaign later on.

Direct telegraphic communication between the United States and Germany was opened yesterday through the new German cable, in conjunction with the Commercial Cable Company's system from New York to Fayal and thence to Emden, Germany.

A Frightful Blunder

Will often cause a horrible Burn, Scald, Cut or Bruise. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, will kill the pain and promptly heal it. Cures Old Sores, Fever Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Corns and all Skin Eruptions. Best Pile cure on earth. Only 25 cents a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Salesmen wanted to carry first-class side line. Easy terms; good percentage; permanent trade. Everybody needs a Fountain Pen. References. Perry Pen Co., Box 7, Milton, Wis. au 28 4t

Wanted at Once—Drug Clerk with two or three years' experience. Must be competent, sober and well recommended. Address Trional, care STAR. au 28 tf

We will only make nine dozen more of the Souvenir Photographs at $1.00 per dozen, as our stock of mounts will then be exhausted. Come early next Saturday if you want them. Taylor's Studio. au 26 tf

Notice—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Onslow Land and Investment Company will be held at the office of the undersigned, Tuesday, Sept. 4th, 1900, at 12 o'clock M. Geo. H. Howell, Secretary. Room No. 7 Masonic Temple. au 26 7t

For Sale—One easy-running Phaeton in good condition. M. A. Yarboro, 109 Market or Dock street. au 21 tf

For Sale—Buggies and Harness. Repairing of all kinds done. Call and examine goods. P. H. Hayden. au 21 tf

Watermelons—Solid car-load the famous Robeson county Melons. We lead in wholesale Fruits and Produce. Retailers call early. Get 50, 100 lots. Price right to make good margin. Business only. We know they are fine, but have not got time to talk about it. T. D. Love. au 17 tf

R. E. Lee, Attorney and Counsellor at Law. Room 5 Bank Building, Lumberton, N. C. Claims attended to promptly. Practices anywhere desired. au 7 3m

For Rent—Store No. 226 North Water; now occupied by W. S. Cooper. Possession given October 1st. Apply to D. O'Connor, Real Estate Agent. jy 29 tf

Choice Timothy Hay, Clover Hay, Straw, fresh ground Meal, Pearl Hominy, Flour, Grain and everything in the Feed line for horses, cows and chickens. John S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Telephones No. 92. jy 8 tf

Apples, Peaches and Honey—I am receiving daily Apples, Peaches, Butter, Chickens, Eggs, Bananas, Lemons, Oranges, etc. Also, a nice lot of Block Honey now on hand. Persons wishing to buy or ship anything of the kind will do well to see or write me. A. S. Winstead, Commission Merchant, 113 and 115 North Second street, Wilmington, N. C. jy 1 tf



"THE CUP THAT CHEERS

but not inebriates" may be Tea for Mr. Smith, Coffee for Mr. Brown and Chocolate or Cocoa for Mr. Jones; but to be of any value, each should be "straight goods." We are ready for Messrs. Smith, Brown, Jones and all others with the best brands of table beverages to be had in the market, at prices which will commend us to your notice.

THE CELEBRATED BLUE RIBBON COFFEE

only 25 cents

PER POUND.

THE KING GROCERY CO.,
JOHN T. SHOLAR, Manager.
Both 'Phones 337. Fourth Street Bridge.
au 28 tf

One GREAT MASS of Summer Wearables

At Gaylord's Branch Store, Fourth and Campbell streets. We will continue our Great Sacrifice Sale this week. We did a good business last week for the simple fact that we have put our Summer Goods down at and less than cost, and they are going.

Your Attention is called to our Superior Line of Overalls.

We can and will gladly show you the best line of Overalls and Jackets in the city. The Union Made Army and Navy Brand, second to none in quality,..... **$1.75** per suit

We extend many thanks to our many, many customers for past favors, and we trust they will continue to trade and be treated right at the Cheapest house in the city.

at GAYLORD'S Branch Store,

Corner Fourth and Campbell Streets.

J. H. BOYD, Manager. Bell 'Phone 557.
au 26 tf NOTICE—Our doors stand open every night until 9 o'clock.

S. & B. Solomon

offer to buyers of

Wholesale Dry Goods

Special Inducements for the coming season.
A well selected stock and lowest prices.

WILMINGTON, - - - - N. C.
au 26 tf

RUFFLED BOBBINET AND MUSLINS CURTAINS.

BEAUTIFUL LINE just received. It will pay you to visit us before purchasing elsewhere. It is the MOST COMPLETE LINE ever shown in the city. We have the exclusive sale of the PRETTIEST PATTERNS shown this season. Our prices are the lowest.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,

BIG DEPARTMENT STORE, FOURTH STREET BRIDGE.
Bell 'Phone 118. Inter-State 218.
au 26 tf

THE MURCHISON NATIONAL BANK, OF WILMINGTON.

Capital,	$200,000.00
Surplus,	28,000.00
Stock Liability,	200,000.00
	$428,000.00

We offer to depositors the above security, and to customers wanting to borrow we are prepared to extend all the credit their business and standing warrant.

Foreign Exchange bought and sold, or anything else in the banking way.

H. C. McQUEEN, President. J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.
jy 25 tf

—A TIP—



—AT COST.

Our line of Fall & Winter Suitings

and Pants Goods will arrive this week, and it will be to your interest to drop in and make your selection, and you can have Suit made now or later.

NEGLIGEE SHIRTS AT COST.
IN FACT ALL SUMMER GOODS

M. H. CURRAN,
107 PRINCESS STREET.
au 26 tf

Great Reduction in all lines of Summer Wearables

FOR THE BALANCE OF AUGUST.

OUR PROFIT IS MADE IN THE BUYING! YOU HAVE THE SAME OPPORTUNITY.

Every $1.50 Shirt in the house, $1.00 These are Monarchs.

$1.00 Suit Underwear at . . . 75c.

THE NEWEST THINGS IN VAN DYKE AND BAT WING TIES.

Bell 'Phone 565.

A. SHRIER, Men's Wear.
an 25 tf

Our Armored Cruiser Shoe

For Boys' wear, is made from the best selected stock, tested for service. The soles and heels, which are the

Best leather will produce,

are filled with CHILLED STEEL CIRCLETS, which protect the bottoms and assure the wearer double the service of any Shoe made for Boys.

Sold by us, sizes 1-5, at **$2.00.**

GEO. R. FRENCH & SONS.
an 25 tf

The New Savings Bank,

Front street, opposite the Postoffice.

You are reminded that Deposits made with us on or before Saturday, Sept. 1st, will bear Interest from that date at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum, compounded quarterly.

Our business is daily increasing, but we want yours whether large or small, and offer to you the very best Service and Security. Money deposited with us can be drawn at any time without notice.

The Guardian Security, Trust and Deposit Co.,

OF WILMINGTON, N. C.

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H. C. McQUEEN, President. JNO. S. ARMSTRONG, Vice President.
au 29 tf F. W. DICK, Cashier.